The Bombay Gazette

No. 12,007 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1887.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL. COMPANY.

NOTICE.

COMMENCING with the S. S. Bokhara leaving on the 31st May, and during the south-west monsoon, the LAUNCH to convey passengers to the English Mail Steamers WILL LEAVE the COMPANY'S DOCKYARD, MAZAGON, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing.

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 28th May, 1887.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

	Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain	
L	BOKHARA	3944	500	C. R. Edwards	31st May
—	ABBAM	3011	500	W. Wheler	7th June
L	SURAT	3142	560	J. L. Parfitt	14th ,,
M	AUSTRALIA	3651	600	R. F. Briscoe	21st ,,
L	CLYDE	4191	800	R. M. Edmond	28th ,,
M	EGYPT	3726	500	R. Hazelwood	5th July
L	BENGAL	4500	800	V. R. Andrews	12th ,,
—	ROHILLA	3600	700	W. Barratt	19th July

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the quicker passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London and names registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A steam-hinge leaves the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	On or about
RAVENNA	3272	700	A. B. Daniell	27th May.
MALWA	2253	500	G. W. Atkinson	10th June.
KHEDIVE	3860	600	A. C. Loggia	24th June.

Return Tickets are issued, at greatly reduced Rates to all ports; for particulars of which apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 23th May 1887.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
,, to Marseilles ,, 530, ,, 350.

First and Second respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers for Marseilles tranship at Genoa.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800 ..... 1st June.	20th July.
GIAVA	4,000	600 .....30th June.	10th Aug.*
D. BALOUINO	5,000	800 .....10th July.	1st Sept.

(a) R. Rubattino.
* Siagapore.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Tons.	To sail
BISAGNO	4,000	11th June.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Bascoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, May 16, 1887.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

BI-MONTHLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons. H. P.	To sail 1887.
POSEIDON	G. Doncich	4600 650	1st June.
PANDORA	A. Trobitz	3500 551	10th ,,
ATLANTA	N. Mezza	4240 600	25th ,,
HERENICE	C. Sbutega	3500 550	7th July.
ORION	G. Mattiazzi	3500 550	7th August.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 120
RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—			
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480	

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

From this date through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including a railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 13th, and BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

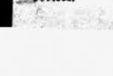
Steamer.	Captain.	Tons. H. P.	To sail. 1887.
ORION	G. Mattiazzi	3500 550	11th June.

Tickets will be received on board after sunset on the previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.
Bascoon House, 50, Church Gate Street,
Bombay, May 27, 1887.

CHEAP PASSAGES!



THE A. I. S.S. "NIAGRA" (MACIVER LINE) for AMSTERDAM, landing passengers at Plymouth, sails about 29th May.

TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT ABOUT 5TH JUNE.

MacIver's Splendid S. S. "ETOLIA" has a few berths left. Special rates for families.

Hand-Book for Travellers post free on application.

NO COMMISSION CHARGED TO OUR CLIENTS.

Apply to—

WM. WATSON & Co.,
Passenger Agents.
28, Apollo Street, Bombay.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite passenger steamer "CITY OF VENICE," 2,207 Tons, will sail for LIVERPOOL on or about 11th June.

The Cabins are on deck amidships and each contains Berths. Punkahs, and every Comfort for First Class passengers. No others carried.

This steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Crews entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 16th April 1887. Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Commander	1887.
s.s. VICTORIA	3357	480	Capt. Wm. Russel	4th June.
s.s. PERSIA	3317	480	Capt. R. Hutchinson	20th ,,
s.s. NUBIA	3550	480	Capt. T. Knox	11th July
s.s. ASIA	3355	480	Capt. J. Harris	2nd Aug.

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Comfort for First-class Passengers.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, April 25th, 1887. Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

THE s.s. "MERTON HALL," 1100 Tons, 200 H. P., Captain C. Barnes, will sail as above about the 30th June. She carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17th May 1887.

CLAN LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE splendid s.s. CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 tons, will sail from Bombay for Liverpool direct on the 3rd June, and passages can now be secured. The saloon and state-rooms are all on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

For rates of passage, cabin plans, &c., apply to

FINLAY MUIR & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.

BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, and all other insects are destroyed by Keating's Insect Powder, which is quite harmless to Domestic Animals. Is exterminating Beetles the success of this Powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for and take no other than "Keating's Powder," as imitations are noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chemists in bottles.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 472 tons, on FRIDAY, June 3rd 1887, at noon, calling at Veraval Mangrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mandvie in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on MONDAY, 30th May (on arrival of Outward English Mail) calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Feo, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "GOA," 1,906 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 2nd June, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on MONDAY, the 13th June, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on SATURDAY, 4th June, at 5 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, May 27, 1887. Agents.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

OCTOBER BREW.—YOUNGER & SON'S celebrated INDIA PALE ALE, in Hhds. full to bung. Rs. 60.

Special Rates for quantities, Messes and Contracts.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE

	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per doz. pints.
Ernest Irroy's Carte d'Or	Rs. 55 0	Rs 58 0
Charles Heidsieck's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry	,, 52 0	,, 54 0
Heidsieck's Dry Monopole	,, 58 0	,, 60 0
Dry Elite Choix Champagne	,, 46 0	,,
First Quality Dry	,, 38 0	,,

From Messrs. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN AY-EN-CHAMPAGNE.

Goldsack, extra	Rs. 44 0	,, 47 0

STILL HOCKS.

From J. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Deidesheimer	,, 16 0	,, 19 0
Geisenheimer	,, 17 0	,, —
Leibfrauenmilch	,, 21 0	,, 24 0
Steinwein	,, 21 0	,, —
Hochheimer Berg	,, 25 0	,, 28 0
Rudesheimer	,, 25 0	,, 28 0
Marcobrunner	,, 28	,, 31 0

FRENCH WHITE WINES.

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Jurame	Rs. 20 0 ...

PORT WINES.

From J. W. BURMESTER, OPORTO.

Good Old Red Port	Rs. 19 0 ...
Fine ,,	,, 22 0 ...
Very fine ,,	,, 27 0 ...
Most particular Preserved Old Red Port	,, 38 0 —

CLARETS.

From Messrs. H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 13 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc	,, 14 0	,, ...
Les Canons	,, 16 0	,, 18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	,, 18 0	,, —
Chateau Leoville	,, 19 0	,, ...
Chateau Le Roc St. Estephe	,, 21 0	,, ...
Chateau Lafitte	,, 23 0	,, ...
Chateau Mauvesin	,, 27 0	,, ...

From MUNZER & FILS.

Haut Canon	Rs. 15 0	,, ...
Margaux Medoc	,, 17 0	,, ...
Chateau Larose	,, 28 0	,, ...

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 2 0
Cru de Barreyre	,, 16 0	,, ...

From J. ROEMER & SOHN, WIEN.

Hungarian Claret	Rs. 17 0	,, ...
Chateau Roemer	,, 16 0	,, ...

From FRANZSCARVARY.

Carlowitzer	Rs. 12 0	,, 14 0

From BRANDENBURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.

St. Julien, Star Label	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
,, Red Bar	,, 12 0	,, 14 0
Chateau Larose	,, 20 0	,, 22 0

BRANDY AT REDUCED PRICES.

P. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy	Rs. 21 0
Cognac, Fine Champagne (Munzer Red Hars fils.)	,, 25 0
Cognac, Gold labels, Gold capsules	,, 27 0
Cognac, Gold labels, Blue capsules	,, 30 0
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne	,, 35 0
Charles Lervoire very old Brandy ***	,, 37 0

BURGUNDY.

From A. DUPILLE, MACAU MEDOC.

Volnay	Rs. 21 0
Chambertin	,, 28 0

WHISKY AT REDUCED PRICES.

Thistle Blend Whisky ***	Rs. 25 0
,, *	,, 23 0
Ben Cruachan's Blend *	,, 21 0

BEER.

	Per dos. qts	Per dos. pts
Bavarian Export Beer	Rs. 6 0	Rs. 3 8
Romford Light Bitter Beer in Champagne bottles	,, 5 4	,, ...
Antons Dreher's Vienna Beer	,, 6 0	,, 4 0
Marburg's Pilsener Beer	,, 5 4	,, 3 4
Gilman's ,,	,, 5 0	,, ...

ITALIAN WINES.

Vino Basola	Rs. 16 0 ..
Vino Harbera	,, 15 0 ..
Vino Grignolino	,, 15 0 ..

SUNDRIES.

Italian Vermouth (Torino)	Rs. 16 0 ..
Vin Marsequa a case of 24 Bottles	,, 40 0 ..
Finest Kummel	,, 30 0 ..
Gin—Board and Son's Old Tom	,, 16 0 ..
Chartreuse, Yellow	,, 63 0 ..
Finest Italian Vermouth	,, 18 0 ..

Swiss Cheese in tins from 1lb. 10 to 2lb. Rs. 0 11 per lb.
Best Swiss Honey in tins of 2 lbs. ,, 2 4 per tin.

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

	Rs. a.
Danish Butter, finest per 1 lb. tin	1 4
Italian Butter, finest, extra quality 1 lb. tin at	0 9
,, 1 do.	1 0
,, 2 do.	1 12

FROM BUSH, BARNEWITZ & Co., WOLFENBUTTEL.

	Per Large Tin	Per Small Tin.
Asparagus	Rs. 2 8	Rs. 1 8
Asparagus, middle size	,, 2 0	,, ...
Celery		,, 0 10
French Beans		,, 0 10
Young Cut Beans		,, 0 10
Young Peas I.		,, 0 12
,, II.		,, 0 10
Peas for Soup		,, 0 12
Young Carrots		,, 0 10
Spinage in Water		,, 0 10
Small Sausages		,, 1 8
Smoked Sausages		,, 1 8

TERMS—

Net cash, no discount.

No order for less than one original package of Wines, Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.

Outstation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts, after three months.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row.
Bombay, April 22, 1887.

THE RUKHMABAI DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

HAVING for its objects—(*a*) the protection of Rukhmabai against the injustice and hardship which would be involved in her being imprisoned in execution of a decree pronounced by the High Court of Bombay in a suit brought against her by her husband for the restitution of conjugal rights, the case being one in which those "rights" as a matter of fact have never yet been exercised.

And (*b*) The removal of the anomaly involved in punishing disobedience to a decree based on Hindoo Matrimonial law by the penalty of imprisonment,—it being a penalty which is entirely unknown to that law and is created by a British rule of Civil Procedure.

Subscriptions are urgently solicited for the objects set forth above and may be sent to the Undersigned or direct to the Bank of Bombay to the credit of the Rukhmabai Defence Fund.

JOHN FLEMING,
M. M. BHOWNAGGREE,
Hon. Secretaries.
3, Church Gate Street, Fort.

RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

AT OOTACAMUND, NILGIRIS.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General of Madras,

Messrs. OAKES and Co.

Will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Assembly Rooms, OOTACAMUND, at 12 o'clock noon, on THURSDAY, 2nd June 1887,

WESTLAKE,

the property of the late Advocate-General of Madras.

THE House is exquisitely situated above the Lake at Ootacamund, is throughly well built and in perfect repair. It has iron roof and spacious verandahs, two Entrance Halls, Drawing Room and Dining Room, Library or Study, three large Bedrooms, three Dressing Rooms, five Bath Rooms, Store-room, Pantry, Kitchen and excellent Out-door Offices. There is also a small detached Bungalow.

The Stabling Accommodation is ample and there are Cow Shed and Poultry House.

The Demesne (27 0) acres) is tastefully laid out and richly wooded. The purchaser would be able to realize a considerable sum immediately by the sale of timber. There are believed to be 15,000 Blue Gum Trees, 17,000 Cinchona Trees, 330 Acacia, 450 Ornamental Trees and an Orchard with a large number of Apple and Pear Trees.

The property is Freehold. The house will be sold furnished and immediate possession will be given.

For inspection of Title Deeds and further particulars apply to Messrs. OAKES & Co.,
Ootacamund.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. EASTON'S

SYRUP OF THE PHOSPHATES OF IRON, QUININE AND STRYCHNINE.

AN invaluable Remedy in all cases of General Debility proceeding from residence in Hot Climates; almost a specific in cases of exhaustion and want of nervine power arising from overmental or bodily exertion.

Per Bottle—Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

COMPRESSED MILK EXTRACT OR PURE SWISS MILK IN POWDER. CONTAINS NO ADDED SUGAR.

IT is in all cases the best Substitute for Natural Cow's Milk, contains no Chemicals, and keeps for any length of time.

Prices 6 Annas per tin.

AGENTS:
TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA & POONA.

LINEN HUCKABACK TOWELS.

42 in. by 23 in.	Re. 1 12 each.
46 in. by 24 in.	Rs. 2 4 ,,
39 in. by 23 in.	Re. 1 0 ,,

LINEN DAMASK TOWELS.

40 in. by 26 in. ..... Re. 1 12 each.

LINEN DIAPER TOWELS.

Rs. 19-8, 22-8 per dozen.

LINEN DIAPER NURSERY TOWELS.

In piece containing 12 squares, Rs. 10-8.

WATSON AND CO.,
Esplanade Hotel, Bombay.

LUND & BLOCKLEY,

CLOCK AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS

BY SPECIAL WARRANT TO HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA OF ENGLAND AND EMPRESS OF INDIA.

CLOCKS ..... from ... Rs. 10 to 10,000
WATCHES ..... ,, ... Rs. 10 to 10,000
JEWELLERY (Gold London made) various articles from Rs. 10 to 10,000
ELECTRO-PLATE (Best Sheffield) various articles from Rs. 5 to 1,000
TABLE CUTLERY, &c. &c.

ALL MARKED AT LONDON CASH PRICES.

TERMS 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT FOR READY MONEY.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

LUND AND BLOCKLEY,

WATCH AND CLOCK MANUFACTURERS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN-EMPRESS, THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, THE INDIAN STATE RAILWAYS, &c. &c., AND MAKERS OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY TOWER CLOCK AND CHIMES.

MANUFACTORY Little Pulteney Street, LONDON. | INDIAN BRANCHES, FORT, BOMBAY. AND EAST STREET POONA. | AND AT 41 Pall Mall LONDON.

NEW ARRIVAL.

COURIER BAGS.
GLADSTONE BAGS.
DRESSING BAGS FITTED.
CANVAS CHAIRS.
AYERS' LAWN-TENNIS BATS.
AYERS' LAWN-TENNIS BALLS.
AYERS' LAWN-TENNIS NETS.
PARROT CAGES.
BIRD CAGES.
BREEDING CAGES.
FAIRY LAMPS.
WRITING CASES.
PHOTO FRAMES.
AIR GUNS.
MONEY BELTS.
LAMP SHADES.
DRESSING CASES.
PERAMBULATORS.

BOLTON AND COMPANY
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
ESPLANADE RADO.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, (Limited.)

CAPITAL Rs. 15,00,000.

INSURANCE against FIRE effected in any part of India on the most favourable terms. Special advantages offered to insurers in the Island or Bombay. Up-country agents wanted.

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers, Bombay.

MERRYWEATHER & SONS.

FIRE ENGINES, Fire Escapes, Hoses, and appliances of all kinds for extinguishing Fires. Apply to

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

Fixed Deposits received to a Limited extent on the following terms:—

6 per cent per annum subject to 54 5 34 for 18 months, 12 ,, 9 ,, 6 ,, notice of withdrawal

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. MCLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A., Managing Director.
Elphinstone Circle.

JUST PUBLISHED,
Price Rs. 2-6.

THE FIRST EMPRESS OF THE EAST.
A Story in dramatic form,
BY
CAMERON MACDOWALL,
Author of "Lady Margaret's Sorrows," &c., &c.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"The language is full of vigour."—*England, the Primrose Chronicle.*

"Replete with fine feeling, noble thoughts and dainty imagery."—*The People.*

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"From the first page to the last, there is no cessation of interest."—*Literary World.*

THACKER & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,

ESPLANADE ROAD.

FOR SALE AT MESSRS. VOLKART BROTHERS.

THALLINUM SULPHURICUM.
do. TARTARICUM.
in 1 oz tins at Rs. 56 per lb.

Surgeon-Major A. McHojel.
Physician in charge, European General Hospital, reports as follows:—

Messrs VOLKART BROTHERS,

DEAR SIRS,—I have used the samples of Thallin you sent me with the greatest success both in hospital and private practice. It is the most powerful and certain temperature-reducing agent I am acquainted with. I have never known it fail; and in my hands it has in many instances rapidly reduced the temperature of febrile patients when other powerful Diaphoretics and Antipyretics (including Kairin and Antipyrin) have failed.

Please send me half-a-pound of the Sulphate and a like quantity of the Tartarate for use in this hospital.—I am, &c.

(Signed) A. N. HOJEL, Surg.-Major,
Physician in charge, European Genl. Hospital.
Bombay, 7th Nov. 1887.

SOUND CLARETS.

CASH. Per dozen. Quarts. Rs. as.	Pints. Rs. as.		CASH. Per dozen. Quarts. Rs. as.	Pints. Rs. as.
10 12	6 0	ST. JULIEN MEDOC ...	10 12	6 0
		This popular Wine is much appreciated, and is in greater demand in India than any other brand. It is the pure product of the grape, neither "medicated" nor "doctored."		
10 12	6 0	BORDEAUX ...	10 12	6 0
		A favourite Wine from the District of Bordeaux.		
13 8	7 8	PETIT MEDOC ...	13 8	7 8
		Possesses good body with pleasing flavour.		
17 0	10 0	SUPERIOR MEDOC ...	17 0	10 0
		Full-bodied, of high character and flavour.		
22 0	12 0	CHATEAU LAGRANGE	22 0	12 0
		Soft, delicate, full and fine flavour.		
27 0	15 0	CHATEAU LAROSE	27 0	15 0
		Extremely delicate, endowed with exquisite flavour and bouquet.		
34 0	18 0	CHATEAU MARGAUX	34 0	18 0
		Exceedingly choice, possessing great fragrance with delicate bouquet.		

CLARET IN WOOD

We would draw attention to the following:—

BORDEAUX	Per hogshead Rs. 190
ST. JULIEN MEDOC	,, ,, 190
PETIT MEDOC	,, ,, 220
SUPERIOR MEDOC	,, ,, 280

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BEER AND STOUT.

WE desire to call attention to the undermentioned brands. We are sole Agents in this Presidency for them. We recommend them as being in every way suitable for India.

READ BROTHERS' BOTTLING.

BASS'S ALE, "Dog's-head" bottling—
Per case of 3 dozen quarts ..... Rs. 18 0 Cash.
Per case of 6 dozen pints ..... ,, 24 12 ,,

GUINNESS' STOUT, "Dog's-head" bottling—
Per case of 3 dozen quarts ..... ,, 18 0 ,,
Per case of 6 dozen pints ..... ,, 24 12 ,,

JOHN AITCHISON & Co., EDINBURGH.

LIGHT BRILLIANT ALE, "Chariot" brand—
Per case of 4 dozen quarts ..... ,, 23 0 ,,
Per case of 8 dozen pints ..... ,, 32 0 ,,

GEO. YOUNGER AND SON, ALLOA.

INDIA PALE ALE, "Revolver" brand—
Per case of 3 dozen quarts ..... ,, 17 4 ,,
Per case of 6 dozen pints ..... ,, 24 0 ,,
Per hogshead of about 54 gallons ..... ,, 60 0 ,,

WILLIAM McEWAN.

INDIA PALE ALE—
Per hogshead of about 54 gallons ..... ,, 60 0 ,,

PILSENER BEER.

FRUSCHOPPEN, our own selection—
Per case of 3 dozen quarts ..... ,, 17 4 ,,
Per case of 6 dozen pints ..... ,, 24 0 ,,

SPECIAL TERMS TO CLUBS AND MESSES.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY

JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF
HARLEY'S
"PEERLESS PEARLS"
FOR
DEBILITY,
THE MOST POWERFUL INVIGORANT & EXCITANT TONIC EVER PRODUCED.

A MOST IMPORTANT PREPARATION THAT PERMANENTLY RESTORES STRENGTH, IMPARTS YOUTHFUL VIGOUR, RESTORES VITALITY, STRENGTHENS AND INVIGORATES THE BRAIN AND NERVES. PROMPT, SAFE, AND SURE.

The Ingredients used in their composition make them, beyond a doubt, the most reliable, useful, and permanent tonic for both sexes known; acting, as they do, directly upon the nervous system, they restore, as it were, the debilitated functions of the principal organs of the human frame, and are unsurpassed as a nervine tonic. Their merits are well established as a powerful, permanent, and determined Aphrodisiac, as well as a Nerve, Brain and Muscle Tonic, of remarkably fine quality.

These Pearls have acquired the distinction of being not only a simple, pleasant, and convenient compound, but one that is recommended and endorsed by the MEDICAL FACULTY as a remedy for Nervous Dyspepsia, Debility, and all Brain and Nerve weakness.

They are highly recommended in MENTAL OVERWORK, DEBILITY, and are decidedly beneficial in case of MENTAL APATHY, or INDIFFERENCE, and in an ENFEEBLED CONDITION OF THE GENERAL SYSTEM, with WEAKNESS OR DULL PAIN IN THE LUMBO-SACRAL REGION. In female diseases this compound is one of the most valuable agents, acting as a TONIC, and gradually removing abnormal conditions, while at the same time it imparts tone and vigour.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Two to Three Pearls immediately after meals three times a day to be taken in water. The best nutritious food accelerates the action of this remedy.

AGENTS IN INDIA:

COOPER, MADON & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.
Forwarded free to any part of India for Rs. 6-8.
Price 10s. & 6d.

THE
CAWNPORE COTTON MILLS, CO., LD.

Increase of Capital by Rs. 5,00,000 by the issue of a further 5,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each.

THE Shareholders of the above Company having, at an Extraordinary General Meeting, held on the 21st April, sanctioned an increase of the Capital of the Company from 5 to 10 Lakhs by the issue of a further 5,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each, and decided that applications for the same be invited simultaneously from the present Shareholders and the general public, reserving only priority of allotment to the former, NOTICE is hereby given that information regarding the terms on which the new Shares are to be issued will be furnished on application to

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL,
FORT, BOMBAY.

THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES PRINCE OSCAR AND PRINCE CHARLES of SWEDEN and NORWAY have found the GREAT WESTERN HOTEL VERY COMFORTABLE and the FOOD GOOD.

ADELBORG.

GENERAL H. HOPE CREALOCKE, C.B.—I have spent a week in this Hotel, and have been made as COMFORTABLE as possible, and found the authorities in the Hotel both civil and obliging, and anxious to do all in their power to meet my wishes. The Hotel is large, lofty, and airy, and the *cuisine* and attendance good, it is conveniently situated, and the charges moderate.

SAMUEL FITZE & Co.,
East India Merchants and Commission Agents,
70 and 71, Bishopsgate Street, Within
London, E.C.

EVERY MAN Interested in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable, pamphlet explaining in the most obscure, nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without European medicine. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent, in plain envelope, sealed, free. The Marston Remedy Co., 21A, High Holborn, London, W.C.

NOTES
ON
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL.
Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.
Copies can be had at the Bombay Gazette Office.

CATSEYES OF RARE PERFECTION.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., Limited, in bringing their new and varied assortment of DIAMOND & OTHER GEM RINGS more prominently before the Public, beg to intimate that the GEMS used by the Company are of the very best quality and obtained direct from the Cutters in AMSTERDAM, with whom they have recently entered into special arrangements by which rare GEMS of the highest class are received regularly, and they are enabled to offer them at cheaper rates than they have been hitherto offered to the public.

Diamond Half-Hoop	Claw-set	Rings from Rs.	150	Diamond and Ruby Rings.			
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Diamond Single Stone	Claw-set	Rings	,, 80	Diamond and Opal Rings.			
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AND ANY OTHER COMBINATION MADE TO ORDER IF NOT IN STOCK.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
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FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON AND ISLAY rank amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft Spirit, genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 24; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

SATEEN AND ZEPHYR DRESSES
FOR THE HOT WEATHER
Rs. 25, Rs. 30, Rs. 40,
AND UPWARDS.
LADIES OWN MATERIALS MADE UP

MRS. LAKE,
MAISON DE MODES,
BOMBAY.

CHAMPAGNE.

JEAN SIBADEY'S "CARTE BLANCHE."

A Light Wine of good quality, and very moderately priced.

Per dozen quarts ..... Rs. 33 0 Cash, Rs. 36 0 Credit,
Per 2 dozen pints ..... ,, 36 0 ,, ,, 39 0 ,,

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

THE ELGIN COTTON AND WOOLLEN MILLS CAWNPORE.
(ESTABLISHED 1871.)

SILVER MEDAL AND FIRST ORDER OF MERIT, MELBOURNE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

MEDAL AND FIRST CLASS DIPLOMAS, SIDNEY AND MELBOURNE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS.

Gold Medal and First Class Certificate, Calcutta International Exhibition.

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MANUFACTURERS AND SUPPLIERS OF

White Drills.
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE, BOMBAY.

AMATEUR THEATRICALS,

By the Members of the

BOMBAY CARLTON CLUB,

ON

FRIDAY, 3RD JUNE 1887,

Under the Distinguished Patronage of

THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY.

FARCE

IN POSSESSION

To be followed by the

COMIC DRAMA,

ALL THAT GLITTERS IS NOT GOLD.

PRICES.

Boxes Rs. 12, Reserved Seats Rs. 3,

Pit Stalls Rs. 2, Side Seats Rs. 1 and 8 As.

PLAN at Messrs. THACKER and Co., Ltd., where Seats can be secured.

GAIETY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, 28TH MAY, 1887.

THE JUBILEE THEATRICAL COMPANY will perform the popular social play of

ASLAJEE,

in which Miss Mary Fenton will sing the favourite English song written by Mr. C. S. Nasir for Grace Egerton, entitled

"Rates Madam is my Name."

The performance will conclude with the latest London and Paris sensation,

THE VANISHING LADY,

wherein a lady disappears from the stage in the full view of the audience.

PRICES AS USUAL.

Seats reserved without extra charge.

THE JIVRAJ BALLOO SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

TENDERS for CARRYING COALS from alongside Steamers and from Hunder to the Mill will be received by the Company up to SATURDAY, 4th June 1887. For particulars apply to the SECRETARY.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

At the SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Corporation, called for MONDAY, the 30th inst., Jehangir Blaney will propose:—"That, with reference to the Resolution of the Town Council, dated the 16th of March last, requesting the Municipal Commissioner to prepare an estimate of the cost of providing at as early a date as possible a suitable market at Colaba, the Municipal Commissioner be requested to expedite the matter therein referred to."

J. LEASK,
Acting Clerk, Municipal Corporation, and Secretary, Town Council.
Bombay, Municipal Offices, May 26, 1887.

BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

OPEN TO RESIDENTS OF BOMBAY AND ALL PARTS OF INDIA.

CHIEF OFFICE—31, Church Gate Street, Bombay; LONDON OFFICE—35A, Paternoster Square, London, E.C.

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Hussolee Road, Dadur, Chundergbar, Deccan, Lucknow.	Hyderabad	East Street, Poona. Mansfield Street, Kurrachee. Ahmedabad.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY AND AT THE BRANCH OFFICES.

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For perusal of the *Bombay Gazette*.

Monthly, Rs. 2.

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For perusal of the *Bombay Gazette*, six latest Weekly Home Newspapers a Week (one every day), and four latest Monthly Magazines or Reviews a month (one every week).

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The appointed hours for delivery and exchange of Newspapers are:—8 a.m., 10 a.m., and 6 p.m.

Subscribers are requested to return the papers, &c., at the appointed time to the Library Messengers.

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The selection of Newspapers, Monthly Magazines and Reviews, should be made from the subjoined list.

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Funny Folks, 2½d.
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Scientific American, 4½d.
Scientific American Supplement, 4½d.
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SOCIETY—
Truth, 7½d.
Vanity Fair, 1s.
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SPORTING—
Field, 9d.

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Ave Maria, 1s.
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Catholic World, 2s.
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Merry England (Illustrated), 1s.
Month, 2s.
Dublin Review (Quarterly), 6s.

ENGINEERING—
Marine Engineer, 6d.

FASHIONS—
Young Ladies' Journal, 9d.

ILLUSTRATED—
Cassel's Family Magazine, 6d.
Harper's Monthly Magazine, 1s.
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MEDICAL—
Birmingham Medical Journals, 2s.
Dublin Medical Journal, 2s.
Edinburgh Medical Journal, 2s.
Glasgow Medical Journal, 2s.
Provincial Medical Journal, 6d.
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MISCELLANEOUS—
Chambers's Journal, 6d.
Cornhill Magazine, 6d.
Family Herald, 6d.
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REVIEWS—
Contemporary Review, 2s. 6d.
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TEXTILE—
Textile Journal of Fabrics, 1s.
Textile Manufacturer, 1s.
Textile World, 1s.

N.B.—All Subscriptions must be paid in advance.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 170 OF 1875.

DAYABHAI TRIBHOWANDAS of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Without-Wady Lane outside the Fort of Bombay, } Plaintiff

vs.

HAJRABAI, widow of ABDOOLA SALAY MAHOMED of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitants, residing at Don Tar 2nd Row, outside the Fort of Bombay, CHENNY GAMBLE, Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate and Effects of Rahimabai, widow of Mahomed Meys Hajee Esmail and Jacob Jamal, also of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Don Tar 1st Row, outside the Fort of Bombay. } Defendants.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above Suit on the 25th day of July 1876, it was ordered amongst other things that in default of Rahimabai one of the Defendants aforesaid or those claiming under or through her paying within six calendar months from the date of the said Decree the sum of Rupees Two thousand three hundred and twenty-five with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from the Eighth day of December one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine until payment together with the sum of Rupees Three thousand five hundred and nineteen annas thirteen and pies six for the costs of the Plaintiff after deducting therefrom the sum of Rupees Four hundred and ninety annas three and pies four for the taxed costs of the Defendant Jacob Jamal as directed in the Decree.

And whereas by a Warrant of Sale, dated the 14th day of April 1887, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell the right, title and interest of the Defendant Hajrabai, widow, in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned, that is to say, All that piece or parcel of Fair inam land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate lying, and being without the Fort on the West side of Don Tar 2nd Row, in the Sub-District of Mahim, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement, Ninety-one square yards, be the same little more or less, and bounded on or towards the East by the Don Tar 2nd Row, on or towards West by the Sweeper's passage, on or towards the North by the house of Esram Soomar, and on or towards the South by the house of Esram Goolam Hussein, and which said messuage, tenement or dwelling house was formerly assessed under No. 40 and now under 37 and is now in the occupation of the said Hajrabai and her tenants.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on Wednesday, the 29th day of June 1887, at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon, the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of Sale put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said defendant Hajrabai, widow, in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the balance of the said decree.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said defendant Hajrabai, widow, to the same or any interest therein.

Should the said defendant Hajrabai, widow, have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Plaintiff has not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of the lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold free from any claim or interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 27th day of May 1887.

DINSHAW MANOCKJEE PETIT,
Sheriff of Bombay.

DAYABHAI TRIBHOWANDAS, Plaintiff in Person.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, 28TH MAY, 1887,

VICTORIA THEATRICAL COMPANY

Will perform the new fascinating Urdu Opera,

INDER SHRAP URF SANGIN BAKAVALI,

with elaborately finished English style scenic effects never produced in India before.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. CAWASJEE FRAMJEE SETNA has contracted to sell the property hereunder described. All persons who may have a claim on the same by way of mortgage, inheritance, gift or otherwise, are hereby reported to make the same known to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to any such claim, which will be deemed to have been waived. Firstly all that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground together with a dwelling houses standing thereon containing by admeasurement 22,850 square yard or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 280, 280, 280, 281, and 283, situate at Matoonga in the district of Mahim in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by a public passage or gawan, on or towards the West partly by the property of Dhunjibhoy Dorabjee Pataka and partly by the Roman Catholic Cemetry, on or towards the North by the property of Tookdas Varjivandas, and on or towards the South by the property of Balloo Sewa Govind and others. And secondly all that piece or parcel of Toca vacant land or ground containing by admeasurement 380 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 60, situate at Matoonga in the district of Mahim and in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East partly by the property of Gunnoo Madhoo Gowan and partly by the property of Antoni Joao Barreto, and on the West, North and South by the public passage or gawan aforesaid, both which pieces of land and premises hereinbefore described are collectively assessed by the Municipality of Bombay formerly under No. 316 and now under No. 5 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of Luxmon Raghowji as tenant.

WADIA AND GHANDY,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

ENGLISH MEN OF LETTERS

EDITED BY JOHN MORLEY.

Bound Red Cloth Rs. 1-8 each.

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SIR PHILIP SIDNEY, by J. A. Symonds.

COOPER, MADON & Co, Ld.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

SCRAP BRASS FOR SALE.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m., (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, the 1st June next, Offers for the Purchase of INGOTS of SCRAP BRASS in quantities up to an aggregate of 100 tons.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made on the Company's form and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 20 per ton up to a maximum of Rs. 500.

Cash before delivery.

The Brass may be seen at the Company's Stores, Parel, where also forms of Tender can be obtained.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel 12th May 1887.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WOODEN KEYS FOR PERMANENT WAY.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 8 lakhs of MOULMEIN TEAKWOOD PERMANENT WAY CHAIR KEYS to be delivered at the Company's Stores Depot, Parel, at the rate and on the conditions given in specification.

Standard samples with templets or gauge can be seen and specification with form of Tender obtained at the Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

Tenders must be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Wooden Keys" and delivered at the Agent's Office, Victoria Terminus, by 1 p.m., (Gunfire) on WEDNESDAY the 1st June next, after which hour no Tender will be received.

Each Tender must be accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 20/-, or the Tender will not be received.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 10th May 1887.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

PERMANENT BARRACKS, COLABA.

TENDERS are invited for the construction (above plinth), of two new SINGLE STOREY BLOCKS of BARRACKS on the North and South Flanks of existing Lt. A. Barracks at Colaba, under the following sub-heads:—

I.—Masonry, &c.
II.—Doors and Windows.
III.—Roofing.

2. Bills of quantities, specifications, conditions of contract and forms of Tenders can be had on payment of Rs. 5/-, and all necessary information obtained on application at the Bombay Defences Office, Fort, during Office hours.

3. Tenders, which should be sealed, will be received by the undersigned up to Noon on the 10th June 1887, when they will be opened.

4. The amount of earnest-money required to accompany the Tender is Rs. 1,000, and the amount of deposit required in the case of the accepted Tender is 5 per cent. on the tendered amount.

5. The acceptance of the Tender rests with the Government of Bombay.

6. Authority is reserved to reject any or all of the Tenders received.

E. C. SPILSBURY, Captain, R.E.,
Acting Executive Engineer, B. D.
Bombay Defences Office, Fort, Bombay, 30th May 1887.

LIST of ESTATES to which LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION have been granted to the Administrator-General and of Estates which have come under his charge.

FRANCIS SALVADOR SEQUEIRA, late Butler to the Freemasons' Hall Committee, Byculla.
AHMED ADAM, late of Bombay Hallal Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant.
J. E. WEINGARTNER, late a Driver in the employ of the South-Western state Railway Company.
SOOWAZI JAWAR MAHOMED, late of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant.
GEORGE F. KENNEDY, late Head Clerk to the Executive Engineer, Harnai Division, Sind-Pishin State Railway.
ANDREW WILLIAMSON, late in the employ of the Sind-Pishin State Railway Company.
WILLIAM DOERR, late European Assistant in the employ of Messrs. W. & A. Graham & Company, Bombay.
KHIMJEE VUSSONJEE, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant.
GUNGA, woman, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the abovenamed Estates are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

L. RIVETT-CARNAC,
Administrator-General.
Admr. Genl's Office, High Court, Bombay, 7th May 1887.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:

TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER

AT THE

FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS

IN GUJARAT,

BEING

A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,

WITH

Appendix containing the Resolutions of Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.

Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna

Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

DIAMOND DYES.

ECONOMY IN DRESSING!

Any fabric or fancy article can be easily and perfectly colored to any shade by using the

DIAMOND DYES.

They are the only dyes manufactured with full directions given for coloring Wool, Silk, and Cotton Goods. All colors fast and durable. BLACK, BROWN, GREEN, BLUE, SCARLET, CARDINAL, RED, NAVY BLUE, SEAL BROWN, OLIVE GREEN, TERRA COTTA and 30 other best colors. Each packet will color one to four pounds of goods. If you have never used dyes try these at once. You will be delighted. Price 6d. a packet, 27 colored samples and a pretty story book given free of charge by the dealer.

DIAMOND GOLD, SILVER, BRONZE, and COPPER PAINTS

for gilding Fancy Baskets, Frames, Lamps, Chandeliers, and for all kinds of ornamental work. Equal to any of the high-priced kinds. Price 6d. a packet.

ARTISTS' BLACK

for Blacking Furniture, and wooden or metallic articles no other preparation equals the DIAMOND Artist's Black. One trial will convince any one of its great usefulness. Price of Artist's Black, 6d.

For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

WELLS AND RICHARDSON CO., 55, Farringdon Street, London, E. C.

Sole and Native dealers supplied at wholesale prices by TREACHER AND COMPANY, Limited, Bombay, Poona and Bandra.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

EMPRESS MACHINES! The Cheapest and the Best Lock-stitch Sewing Machine, of English Manufacture, offered to the Indian Public. Complete with Accessories, Rs. 27. Sole Agents for India—SHROFF BROTHERS.

DOGS FOR SALE.—Mastiff, Retriever and a Bull Dog. Apply to GOLDSTEIN, Coffee House, Prince's Dock.

BONA FIDE SALE of Furniture, Piano, &c., the property of J. BROOKS, Esq., on Monday the 30th inst., at 1-30 p.m., at Nepean Sea Road, Malabar Hill.

TO-DAY'S ICES.—Vanilla, Rose, Pineapple and Raspberry; also Wines and Spirits of the best quality to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 25, Church-gate-street.

THE CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Fort, Bombay. Bass Beer, L. G. A., bottled for the Stores, Qts. Rs. 4-8, Pts. 3-0, in Excellent Condition, and Guaranteed Sound. W. J. ESSAI.

THE CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Bombay. Saccone's Gibraltar Sherry, Daniel Crawford, Carlton and Co. Vat Whiskies. W. J. ESSAI.

THE CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld. Claret Qts. and Pts., Invalid Port, Ginger Wine, Old Tom, Chartreuse, Benedictine, &c. W. J. ESSAI.

THE CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld. Meakin's Draught Ale and Stout in handy little Barrels of 5 Gall. each, highly recommended. W. J. ESSAI.

MAIDEN-HAIR FERNS.—Seventy-five (75) varieties, single plants or in duplicate. The largest stock in India to select from.—T. BROMLEY, Importer of Plants, Mahim, Bombay.

TO BE LET, at Tardeo, on UPPER STORY of a very desirable Bungalow, containing 3 large Rooms, a large Verandah, Kitchen and Stables, with or without Furniture. Apply by letter to "X Z," care of this paper.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.'S SINGERS SEWING MACHINES are the best the simplest and the most durable, have won their highest rewards and have the largest sales in the world. For cash or on hire. 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE only Cheapest and Best LEATHER WORKS. STEWART, LAWRIE and Co., Cawnpore.

ROPES FOR SALE.—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla, No. 6, First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire, Inspection respectfully invited.

GARDEN PUMPS, Lawn Mowers, Continental Seeds and Garden Tools in great variety—PALEKAR and Co., Bombay.

SHEDDON HOUSE, Ootacamund, TO LET, with Crockery and Lamps. Apply to HARCLAY and MORGAN, Madras.

FOREIGN STAMPS WANTED to purchase or exchange. Apply in first instance by letter to "O.," care of Post Master, Ahmedabad, Guzerat.

WANTED.—A Respectable European NURSE, to take charge of a Young Child. Address "," care of KING, KING and Co., Church Lane.

ONLY FEW COPIES LEFT of Gujarati Version of Col. Meadows Taylor's Tara illustrated. Apply at *Dufter Ashkara* Press, or at the Booksellers.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1887. Price, Rs. 3; with postage, Rs. 3-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WHITE WAISTCOATS, Rs. 3 each. Guaranteed Fast and Washable. THE GASH BAZAAR, Ld., Tailors and Habit Makers, Church Gate Street.

CHEAP SUITS! CHEAP SUITS!!—Coat and Trousers, Guaranteed all Wool, Rs. 15. Trousers per pair Rs. 7. Trial Order solicited.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 13, Meadow Street, Fort.

FRESH HIMALAYAN JAMS.—Delicious Apricot and Plum Jams, in 1 lb. and 2 lb. tins, at as. 8 per lb. Apply to MANAGER, Rungurh Fruit Gardens, *via* Naini Tal.

WANTED, for Office No. 1 Bombay Mountain Battery, Poona, a good PAY CLERK. Salary Rs. 30 per mensem. Apply to Captain A. KEENE, Royal Artillery.

COWAN'S GELATINO CHLORIDE PLATES, for Transparencies, &c., 4½ by 3½. Just received.

J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

SWAINE and ADENEY.—Just received by the well known makers, riding, driving and hunting Whips.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited, Rampart-row, Bombay.

TO BE LET, in Church Gate Street, a portion of the Ground-Floor, Rooms on the Second-Floor and piece of Vacant Ground. Apply to M. H. MAJU, at the Tea Emporium.

GENTLEMEN'S Keyless Patent Lever WATCHES, Strong and Good Time-keeper. Silver, from Rs. 25-0-0, and Metal from Rs. 16 to 20. KANNY & Co., 5, Rampart Row.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY, cheap edition for up-country readers, published twice a week, as soon as the *Gazette* Daily. Subscription Rs. 12 per year; Postage, Rs. 3.

TO BE LET, UNFURNISHED, from 1st June, for 1 or 6 months, TOP FLOOR of Tract Society's Building, Dhobi Talao. Apply to SUPERINTENDENT, Tract Society.

WANTED 2 ENGROSSING CLERKS. None need apply who have had not at least two years' experience as Attorney's Firm. Apply to "Messrs. G. and H.," care of this office.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. Teas rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. PINTAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

FOR SALE, a pair of young ARAB Bay and Grey, height about 14¼, quiet in Single and Double Harness and under Saddle, believed sound. Price Rs. 850. Apply to "M.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

OUR "CAMP" TIMEPIECE, 5 inch, Bold Enamelled Dial, going 8 days, Nickelled Dustproof Case, fitted in Case with Strap, Rs. 3½. The same, 3½ inch Dial, Rs. 30.—MARCKS & Co., Limited, Bombay.

THE STEAM LAUNCH "ELEPHANTA" has been specially fitted up for pic-nics and is now available for private parties to Elephanta &c. Apply to THOS. COOK and SON, Rampart Row.

ROLLED Iron Shafting, 4" to 6" diameter, with Butler's Patent Frictional Couplings, as exhibited by the Kirkstall Forge Co. at the Calcutta Exhibition.—For sale at Richardson & Cruddas' Metal Mart, Bombay.

DON'T you know that Re. 1 paid for Batliwala's AGUE MIXTURE at Dr. BATLIWALA, Matoonga, Dadur, Bombay, and at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co., Chemists, Fort, Bombay, will be refunded if the Ague or Intermittent Malarious Fever does not abate within three days by its use? Agents for Up-country Wanted. Apply to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, 39 Matoonga, Dadur, Bombay.

FOR SALE, at Bennett's Auction, 28th inst., Country Bred Dark Bay HORSE, 6½ years, 14·1½, goes well in Saddle and Harness. Also, Nearly New DOG-CART by Collett and Co., and set of English-made HARNESS, the whole to be sold or separate. Owner going Home.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET, published every Friday, specially prepared for Indian subscribers, with 8 pages Supplement of English news, in addition to 24 pages of Indian matter. Rates, Rs. 12 per annum for Indian subscribers, post free; and Rs. 17, including postage, for the United Kingdom.

FOR BEST Waterproof Suits, Cloaks, Coats, Superfine Merino Waterproof Coats, Goloshoes. Angola, Scotch and West of India Tweeds, Striped and Coloured Socks and Stockings for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children, always apply to Y. A. LACKA & Co., No. 200, Chuckla street, near Jakeria Musjid.

FOR NATIVE STATES.—An Indian Lady offers her Services as Secretary or Companion to a Rance. Knows Bengali, Guzerati, Hindustani, Marathi; has some knowledge of French and German; can teach Music and Singing, Plain and Fancy needlework; is an accomplished English Scholar; has had some practical experience of literary work, and is fully competent to conduct correspondence. Would not object to travel. "OMEGA," care of this paper.

TO LET, GROUND-FLOOR of the premises lately occupied by Pearce & Co. Apply to PEARCE & Co., Church Gate Street.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 3 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 10. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing, Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

JAS. McCABE'S GOLD HUNTING WATCHES.

MANUFACTURED by some of his old experienced workmen whose services we have engaged. A few of these celebrated Watches, in Stout 18 carat Gold Cases, Engine-turned and Plain, are now obtainable for Cash Rs. 325, or by twelve monthly instalments Rs. 30.

POONA, East Street | BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade Road

MARCKS AND Co., Limited,

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

A PERFECT TIMEKEEPER.

RUNS 28 HOURS WITH ONE WINDING.
REGULATES TO A MINUTE A MONTH.
RARELY GETS OUT OF ORDER.
REPAIRS NEVER EXCEED ONE RUPEE.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

KEYLESS. THE WATCHMAKER, London:—"The Waterbury is guaranteed to keep a maximum of results in time-keeping at a minimum of cost."

Rs. 8-8. MANCHESTER EXAMINER:—"The Waterbury is a splendid timekeeper."

MANCHESTER COURIER:—"Experience enables us to say that they are admirable timekeepers."

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

RELIABLE. BIRMINGHAM POST:—"Keeps accurate time, and is a good-looking and handy watch."

Rs. 8-8. GLASGOW, HERALD:—"A good timekeeper."

GLASGOW CITIZEN:—"A good timekeeper."

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

ACCURATE. GLASGOW EVENING NEWS:—"I have tested the watch thoroughly, and have nothing but good to say of it."

Rs. 8-8. LEEDS MERCURY:—"The Waterbury Watches keep excellent time."

NORTHERN EVENING EXPRESS:—"A marvel of cheapness, and a good timekeeper."

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

DURABLE. NEWCASTLE CHRONICLE:—"A real timekeeper."

NEWCASTLE LEADER:—"We have tried it alongside a twenty-five pounder, and the one kept as near St. Nicholas as the other. We know no higher praise than this."

Rs. 8-8. THE SHEFFIELD TELEGRAPH:—"Of the timekeepers in vogue, none is more popular than the Waterbury Watch. Never has a better article been produced for the money."

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

Unsolicited Testimonials from all part of India received daily.

HANDSOME. *Nov. 16th, 1886. Salt Dept., Vepery.*

After more than two years' experience, I have much pleasure in testifying to the worth of the Waterbury Watch. For its price it is a wonderfully good watch, and will, I feel confident, be appreciated by the Madras public, to whom it is now being introduced for the first time.

G. W. FIRTH.

Rs. 8-8. Mr. F. G. Egmore, Madras, writes to us:—"I see you are advertising the Waterbury Watch for sale at the remarkably cheap rate of Rs. 8-8, and I feel that I must write and tell you what I think of the Waterbury watch. I bought one about a year ago, from a Calcutta Agent, for Rs. 11-4-0, and I have used it regularly ever since. It is a most accurate timekeeper, and is still as good as new, in appearance as well as working. I have had no trouble of any kind with it, and can recommend it as an excellent timekeeper (to the minute), and a cheap and durable watch. Several friends of mine have also invested in these watches, and they all speak of it as a 'pucka good article.'"

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

SELDOM GETS OUT OF ORDER. Convalescent Depôt, Kasaulie, Punjab. 3-12-86.

GENTLEMEN,

Rs. 8-8. Kindly send 2 Waterbury Watches, of each to the following persons . . .

Since I got my watch it has kept excellent time and it is the admiration of all who have seen it both for look and cheapness. If you will send me some like I will be most happy to circulate them amongst the men of the depôt. I think it is a pity that are not more widely known because a watch like the Waterbury is a boon to soldiers in India. I regulated mine with one of Benson's 6 Guinea Livers and now it is not a second out either way with it.

I am remain,
Yours faithfully,
URBIN MILLS,
Corpl. 3rd Division Guards.

THE WATERBURY

(Guaranteed for One Year.)

GENTLEMEN,—The other day I was shewn a watch by Babu Peary Mohun Ghosal, the private clerk of H. B. Hedgestoit, Esq., of the O. & R. Railway. He spoke in high terms about the watch, and said the Waterbury Watch was the best of all the so-called cheap and accurate watches of the day. So I have been persuaded to write you to send me one per return V. P. Post to the following address—

EASILY REPAIRED. Khoodi Ram Mistry,
E. W. MILLS,
Dhariwal,
Rs. 8 8. *February 15, 1887.*

MY DEAR SIR,

. . . . . The four Watches we have got here are going very well and give perfect satisfaction. As far as my own is concerned, it has not varied one minute since the third day after I got it. I have been in the watch repairing trade 10 years before coming out here, and I can safely say that I never came across anything so good and at so cheap a price. Please send me two more in good order by V. P. P., and oblige

Yours truly,
JOHN W. LEE.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.

CHEAP. The HINDU of the 15th Nov. 1886 says:—"We are indebted to Messrs. Addison and Co., the well-known firm of Madras, for a silver-nickeled cased keyless watch. From a perusal of our advertisements it will be seen that several of the English Provincial organs have borne testimony to the merits of the Waterbury Watch. The price is only Rs. 8-8, and it is guaranteed for one year. They look remarkably well, and are very cheap."

Rs. 8-8. The BANGALORE DAILY POST of the 27th Nov. says:—Messrs. Drummond and Co., of South Parade, have been appointed Sole Agents for these watches, upon which there is just now a great rush. The price, Rs. 8-8, should bring them within the reach of all, and be especially convenient as Xmas presents or prizes.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION. The BANGALORE SPECTATOR of 27th November says:—Messrs. Drummond and Co., of South Parade, have been appointed Sole Agents here for these very popular watches. How they can be sold for Rs. 8-8 is a marvel. They should be especially recommendable to soldiers or for Christmas gifts and prizes.

Rs. 8-8. The CEYLON OBSERVER (the leading daily paper in Colombo) says:—"We have seen one of these watches, and we must say that it is a wonderfully cheap article, especially at the price. The makers undertake to keep it in repair for a year, except, of course, in cases of accident or ill-usage."

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

PARTS INTERCHANGEABLE. Insure your life by wearing a Waterbury

Rs. 8-8. The Company undertakes to pay the next of kin of any wearer of a Waterbury Watch purchased in India since October 1st, 1886, who may be killed while a passenger by accident on any Indian Railway during 1887 the sum of RUPEES ONE THOUSAND

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year].

May be obtained from local agents, from SOUNDY & Co., Limited, or at the Office of the Company for India, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

Agents wanted throughout the Country.

Choice in all Patterns for the Waterbury from One to Four Rupees.

The Waterbury can be had in Gold and Silver; with

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

BONA-FIDE SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, splendid piano by Collard and Collard, Soundy & Co's lamps, pictures, beautiful table ornaments and vases, hall carpets, rich cut glassware, handsome porcelain ware, best plated wares, garden plants, cookin utensils &c., the property of J. Brooks, Esq., will be sold by public auction, by Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co., at Nepean Sea Road, opposite to K. R. Cama, Esq.; on MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 1-30 p. m.

Catalogues published, and property on view.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, May 28, 1887.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON THE DADUR ROAD AT PAREL.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 28th inst., at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Mr. Manockji Edulji Contractor.

All that piece of fasmdaree ground, containing by admeasurement 3,440 square yards or thereabouts, together with the 3 storied dwelling-house of 6 compartments, and a chawl, standing thereon, situate on the east side of Dadur Road, without the Fort of Bombay, and bounded on the east by the property of Harry Parkes, on the west by the Dadur Road, on the north by the land belonging to the Roman Catholic Bishop, and on the south by the land of Balajee Sittaram and Hurry Barkoojee and Dadur Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

SALE OF RYHOPE WEST HARTLEY COALS.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 28th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the rooms on account and at the risk of Messrs. Volies.

A quantity of 280 tons Ryhope West Hartley Coals along side "s. s. "Gordonia" in harbour.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY

CALENDAR.—MAY & JUNE, 1887.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

First Quarter	May 30th,	10h.	11'0m. a.m.
Full Moon	June 6th,	3h.	29'0m. a.m.
Last Quarter	,, 13th,	6h.	26'1m. p.m.
New Moon	,, 21st,	3h.	44'1m. p.m.
First Quarter	,, 28th,	2h.	51'3m. p.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun Rise.	Sun Set.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 28	.....	5 24	6 30	2 15m 3 14 a	8 15m 9 16 a
Sun. 29	Whit Sunday.	5 24	6 30	2 11m 3 14 a	9 15m 10 38 a
Mon. 30	Maharani Ice Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. English mail expected per s.s. Australia.*	5 24	6 31	4 23m 5 10 a	10 25m 11 56 a
Tu. 31	Marks and Co., Meeting, 4 p.m. Departure of the Garkwar, per mail steamer. Departure of the English mail per s. s. Bothara.	5 24	6 31	5 48m 6 18 a	11 52m —
JUNE. Wed. 1	Town Council, 3 p.m.	5 24	6 31	7 17m 7 22 a	1 7m 1 12 a
Thr. 2	Thacker and Co., Meeting, 5 p.m.	5 24	6 32	8 31m 8 20 a	2 3m 2 17 a
Fri. 3	Obscene Advertisement Case, Fort Police Court. Harvey and Sabapathy Co., Meeting, 4 p.m.	5 24	6 32	9 39m 9 14 a	2 52m 3 15 a

* Left Aden at 4 p.m., on Tuesday, 24th instant.

DIVINE SERVICES.

WHIT-SUNDAY, MAY 29.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral)—Hymns 157, 319 and 107.
4-45 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. A. Goldwyer Lewis.—Hymns 157, 154, 370 and 30.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Bunnett.
Anthem—"I taste and see."—Goss.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.

Thursday, June 2.

7-15 a.m.—Usual Celebration.
Monday and Tuesday in Whitsun week.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION, ESPLANADE, FOR HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 154, 155 and 311.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 157, 207 and 210.
The offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

ST. JOHN'S, COLABA.

[illegible]-Matins and Sermon.—Hymns 208, 207 and [illegible].
11 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 210, 153 and 156.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion.—Hymns 250, 242 and 253.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 252, 246 and 360.

Wednesday, June 1.

6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 207, 154 and 210.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Service, Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 152 and 157.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon.—Hymns 154, 207 and 211.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—B. B. and C. I. Railway Institute, Parell.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Psalm 121 Para. 39 1-5.
Hymns 173, 35, 199 and 288.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins, Sermon and Holy Communion.—Hymns 152, 157 and 313.
3 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 154, 20 and 155.
Anthem.—"Come Holy Ghost."

WESLEYAN METHODIST SERVICES.

Colaba Causeway (opposite Traun offices).
7 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Special opening Services, Rev. G. W. Clutterbuck.

Parel Road, Byculla.

9 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Mr. J. J. Staples.
4 p.m.—Sunday School.
Special invitation is given to the opening Services at Colaba.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Service will be held on board the s.s. Clan Graham in the Prince's Dock on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. Captains, officers, engineers, seamen and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted. Come and bring your friends.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Band, B. B. and C. I. & Vols., Mechanics' Institute Parel, 5 p.m.
Band, E. Y. Regiment, Esplanade Bandstand, 6-15 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Byculla (s), from Moulmein; Zulu (brig), Karachi; and Storm Queen (s), Sunderland.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Mohlo (s), for Persian Gulf; Abyssinia (barque), Manilla; Commilla (s), Coast and Karachi; Rosario (s), Hull, &c.; and Melpomene (s), Trieste.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 7th May 1887 was 166,113 maunds, and in money Rs. 45,061.

OBITUARY.—The Bombay Piece-Goods Market was closed yesterday, owing to the untimely death, which occurred yesterday morning at 7 o'clock, of Mr. Valabhdas Valjee, the head of the Bhattia community.

REPORTED THEFT.—Ganga, woman, living on the first floor of a house situated at Jail Road, reported to the police on Thursday that on the night of the 25th instant, whilst she was lying asleep with her daughter, aged 9 years, some person stole two gold wristlets and two silver anklets, of the collective value of Rs. 140, from the person of her daughter.

FATAL CART ACCIDENT.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday, at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, touching the death of Bhewa Bahao, aged 30 years, a cart-driver who, on the 19th instant, while driving his cart laden with bales of cotton along Lower Colaba Road, accidently fell off his seat. One of the wheels passed over his right leg and fractured it. He died from the effects of his injuries yesterday morning. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

SUICIDE.—An inquest was held yesterday at the J. J. Hospital touching the death of Oomra, a Mahomedan woman, aged 24 years. Deceased, it was said, was a woman of bad temper, and frequently quarrelled with her husband. On Thursday she had a quarrel with her husband, and at night was found suffering from the effects of opium. On being removed to the J. J. Hospital, she died about three hours after admission. A verdict of suicidal death by opium was recorded.

MUSIC AT THE PAREL MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—The band of the B. B. & C. I. R. Volunteers will play the following programme of music at the Mechanics' Institute, Parel, at 5 o'clock this evening:—

March ..... Jubilee	R. Smith.
Quadrille ..... Merry Folks	Dawson.
Fantasia ..... Evening Revels	Richards. "
Waltz ..... Little Sailors	Crowel.
Cornet Polka ..... The Royal Princes	Klusmann.
Galop ..... Wie der Wind	Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

DRUMS AND FIFES AT THE BANDSTAND.—The following programme of music will be played by the drums and fifes of the 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment at the Esplanade Bandstand at 6-15 this evening:—

March ..... Precious	Devery.
Schottische ..... Amelia	Neeske
Hornpipe ..... Jubilee	Simper.
Valse ..... May Blossoms	Riviere.
..... Bugle March	Gubis.
Lancers ..... Forty Thieves	Crowel.
Galop ..... Cupid's Arrows	Barthmann.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THEFT.—Ramchandra Yenkoo, a goldsmith of no fixed place of residence, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dossbhoy Framjee of stealing a gold nose ring, valued Rs. 25, the property of Saba Bamsett, from his house at Girgaum Back Road, on Wednesday last. The accused, it appears, was in the habit of visiting the complainant's house on Wednesday, where he was treated to some tea. Soon after the accused left the premises, the nose ring, which was left in an open box by complainant's wife that morning, was found missing. On the theft being reported to the police, the accused was arrested on suspicion. Subsequently the nose ring was recovered from a Marwaree shroff named Cursondass, with whom the accused had pledged the article for a sum of Rs. 8. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge, and was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

"BOMBAY EDUCATIONAL GUIDE."—The "Bombay Educational Guide," for which the librarian of the Bombay Circulating Library holds himself responsible, is a compilation of speeches, reviews, reports, and articles appearing from time to time in the newspaper press on the subject of education. As it is almost impossible for teachers and students to have access and where they have access, to peruse all the newspapers and magazines that are poured from the press, and as they frequently contain the speeches of public men and original reviews and articles on matters relating to education, which would be of interest to them, the librarian of the Bombay Circulating Library has come to their assistance by reproducing them in pamphlet form at the nominal price of one anna. The number for April has recently been issued, and it contains, in addition to the speeches delivered by the Hon. Justice West and Sir W. W. Hunter at the last Convocations of the Bombay and Calcutta Universities, respectively, full details with a catalogue of the arrangements made for teachers and students in connection with the Scholastic Department of the Bombay Circulating Library.

THE JUBILEE THEATRICAL COMPANY.

MR. NAZIR continues to supply to his patrons a fund of entertainment at the Gaiety. The latest Paris and London novelty, a lady disappearing from the stage in the full view of the audience, is to be performed to-night, as soon as the popular play of "Aslajee" is concluded, and Miss Mary Fenton is to sing the favorite song of "Ratae Madam," which was written for that versatile actress, Miss Grace Egerton, years ago, by Mr. Nazir. Such arduous efforts to amuse the public ought to ensure a crowded gathering to-night at the Gaiety.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN adjourned special general meeting of the Corporation was held on Thursday afternoon. The meeting was called for 3 o'clock, as usual, but no quorum could be formed until half-an-hour had elapsed. The following members were present:—Sir Frank Souter, Lieutenant-Colonel A. B. Portman, Captains G. W. Martin and H. O. Selby, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. J. R. Dudgeon, A. M. Gubbay, H. R. King, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., Messrs. Bomanjee Pestonjee Master, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Damodar Tapidas, Jamsetjee Pallonjee Kapadia, Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik, Karsandas Vallabhdas, Cowasjee Dady Limjee, Cowasjee Merwanjee Shroff, Mahomed Hussein Hakim, Mirza Hussein Khan, Mulji Bhowanidas Barbhaya, Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Nowrojee Dorabjee Suntook, Raghunath Narayan Khote, Sahimtula Mahomed Sayani, Shivji Dhurmaji, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nathoobhoy and Vandrawandas Purshotumdas.

On the motion of Dr. Blaney, seconded by Mr. Shivji Dhurmaji, Captain Selby was appointed to the chair, in the place of Capt. Morland, who has gone Home as the delegate of the Corporation, in charge of the Jubilee address and casket.

THE WATER-SUPPLY OF BOMBAY.

In the absence of Mr. Dossbhoy Framji, the following proposition, of which notice had been given, was moved by Col. Portman:—"That, as recommended by the Town Council, sanction be given to an advance of Rs. 81,550, to meet the cost of the new works in connection with water-supply improvement, as follows; the charge to be paid from surplus cash balance, to be adjusted hereafter:—

	Rs.
Lady Jamsetjee Road, Mahim, 4in.	6,000
DeLisle Road—from Haines Road to Elphinstone Road, 4in.	12,500
Haines Road—from DeLisle Road to Jacob Circle, 4in.	5,800
Dharavi Road, 4in.	9,000
Parel Road—from Nesbit Road to Pydowni 4in.	9,200
Elphinstone Road, 4in.	9,000
Worli Road, 4in.	6,500
Ripon Road, 6in.	11,500
Kamathipura 15th and 16th Streets, 3in.	1,600
Mungalwady, Girgaum, 3in.	450
Parel Tank Road, 4in.	6,000
Bellasis Road, 4in.	4,000
Total.....Rs.	81,550"

Dr. DeSouza, in seconding the proposition, pointed out the necessity of the water-supply at some of the places mentioned in the above resolution.

Mr. Jamsetji P. Kapadia wished Mr. Dossbhoy was there to lay the proposition before the meeting as chairman of the Town Council; because he would have thrown some more light upon the proposed grant of Rs. 81,000. There have been always complaints of scarcity from the Fort, Colaba, Girgaum, and even the Malabar Hill, and if they were to go on making new connections, the supply of water to those districts where the mains already existed would be less and less. In some of the new roads where it was proposed to lay down water pipes, houses had yet to be built in a sufficient number to justify the expenditure.

The Acting Municipal Commissioner said that the whole of the works which were entered in the list had been very carefully selected by Mr. Olivant himself before he went away. A list of important works requiring an expenditure of about six lakhs of rupees had been presented to him by the water-works engineer, and after careful inquiry he had selected those included in this list as being the most urgent. Mr. Olivant had written to the speaker a letter before he went away, pressing upon him very urgently to submit this matter to the Corporation immediately. The grant now asked for was not very large in itself, and the reason why he was so anxious to get the Corporation to sanction it immediately was that unless they immediately called for tenders and got out the pipes, they would not be able to commence operations as soon as the fair season opened after the monsoon. The Commissioner then pointed out that the main through which the water would be distributed in the places mentioned in the resolution would not affect the supply of water to the Fort. He added that he would refrain from making any proposal as to how the money should be provided for the works, as a committee had already been appointed by the Corporation to decide what works should be provided for out of the capital, and what out of the current revenue. But he believed that this question would be settled finally by the Corporation before the pipes arrived from England.

Dr. Blaney reminded the Corporation that the wants of these outlying districts were stated to be very crying indeed. They had spent a great deal of money on outlying districts, and what they were now asked to spend was comparatively a very small sum. The question as to how the fund should be provided for this work was one of the utmost importance. They had always been called upon to provide for this, that, and the other, out of surplus cash balance. But there were many works which ought in justice to have been debited to loans.

Mr. Bomonji P. Master said that although he had always been a staunch advocate of those who were crying for a liberal supply of water, he was not in favour of supplying water to "outlandish" localities at the expense of those who did not get a sufficient supply, even as matters stood at present. He granted that the supply in these localities was very much needed, and that the people residing there were poor; but the Corporation could only go upon this principle—the greatest good to the greatest number. The majority of the citizens of Bombay were showering curses, night and day, over the devoted heads of the Corporation for the scarcity of water supplied to them. There was Watson's Hotel next door, where they could see every day a lot of *Bheesties* carrying water to the place, because it could not get a sufficient supply on the premises. The speaker asked their able engineers, serving the Municipality, to devise some plan by which the present want might be supplied; and unless something was done to enable the general population of the city to obtain water on the fourth and fifth floors, no supply should be given to those outlandish places, however much it might be needed by the poor residing there.

Mr. Mulji Bhowanidas spoke briefly in support of the motion.

Dr. Cowasji Hormusji said he was surprised at the remarks made by Mr. Bomanji after the explanation given by the Commissioner that it was proposed to supply water in the present case from a different main altogether so as not to affect other thickly-populated districts. These districts would be served just the same as before, whether the proposed works were sanctioned or not.

The motion was then put to the vote, and carried by twenty-three to four.

In the absence of Dr. Waters, Col. Portman proposed the following motion:—"That, as recommended by the Town Council, sanction be given to an advance of Rs. 85,000, to meet the cost of new works in connection with water-supply improvement, as follows; the charge to be paid from surplus cash balance, to be adjusted hereafter:—

Main in Frere Road—from Bhandarwada, Reservoir to Carnac Road, 18in.	}	Rs. 85,000.
Main in Frere Road—Carnac Road to Mint, 12in.		

In laying this proposition before the meeting, Col. Portman quoted extracts from a letter of the Commissioner pointing out the necessity of the work. One of the objects of the work was to supply the shipping with water. Captain Morland, the Port Officer, had informed the Town Council at a recent meeting that on one occasion there was so great scarcity of water that nine ships in the Prince's Dock could not get it. The speaker thought the vessels in the dock were entitled to some consideration, seeing that they were charged full price for the water supplied to them.

Dr. Cowasji Hormusji seconded the proposition, observing that the laying down of this main would bring in a large revenue to the Municipality from the water which would be supplied to the ships.

Mr. Bomanji Master asked the Acting Commissioner whether the supply in Frere Road from the Bhandarwada Reservoir would interfere with the present supply to the other parts of the town.

The Acting Commissioner did not suppose it would interfere very much, though they could not, of course, give water to one part, without, to some extent, interfering with the supply of some other parts of the town. But as soon as the Tansa Lake was constructed, the city would have abundant water, and all the parts of the city where the mains were laid down would then be quite prepared to receive it. Even if there should be some interference to the supply of the other parts of the city, it should be remembered that the Municipality would make a very good income by selling water to the ships in the dock at 12 annas per gallon.

Mr. Bomanji Master observed that the explanation of the Acting Commissioner showed that there would be some interference, at all events, with the supply to the districts now served by the Bhandarwada Reservoir. He did not think they should look to any increase in their revenue at the expense of the comfort and convenience of the people.

Dr. Blaney remarked that since the previous day, he had found the water supplied from the Bhandarwada Reservoir to be of a clearer and purer quality.

Col. Portman said that as Vehar water would be admitted into the main which was intended to be laid in Frere Road, it would set free much of the Tulsi water now used in that quarter, and consequently, the people about whom Mr. Bomanji Master was concerned would be really the gainers.

There were only four dissensions to the proposition, which was therefore declared to be carried.

BURIAL *vs.* CREMATION.

Col. Portman next proposed—"That as recommended by the Town Council, sanction by given to the expenditure of Rs. 1,750 to meet the cost of filling in a further portion of the Hindu Low-Caste Burial Ground, Haines Road."

The proposition was seconded by Mr. Javerilal Umiashanker.

Dr. Blaney said the time was come when the important question involved in the proposition before the meeting should be dealt with in some more comprehensive way. With all respect to the dead, he said the Corporation should have some respect for the wants of the living. They had now reclaimed acres of ground on the Flats, and the population there was increasing every day, so as to bring the question, whether the burial ground could be allowed to stand there with due regard to the health of the neighbourhood within the area of practical politics. They all knew that the Hindu community had no objection to cremation. The Corporation had already spent as much sum in buying and filling up land and in maintaining a staff for the purpose of the burial ground as would be sufficient to defray the expenses of cremation. For the Roman Catholic community, who buried their dead at Matoonga, they kept hearses, carriages, &c., and the Municipality might do the same in the present case, defraying all the expenses of cremation. If his proposal, which was for the sanitary necessities of the town, were properly carried out, the expenditure would be very small indeed. The cemetery was in the centre of one of the most densely-peopled districts, and he thought that they should take the earliest possible opportunity to remedy the evil.

Sir Frank Souter said he concurred in almost every thing that had just fallen from Dr. Blaney. He was astonished at these, named Sussex, was on the 30th May of last year, married to a young man named Hugh D. Jardine. Jardine, at the time of his marriage, was employed on the railway and stationed at Gorakhpur. Shortly after returning to that place after his marriage, he either lost his appointment through misconduct, or threw it up for reasons not known, and returned to Delhi. He subsequently obtained an appointment on the G. I. P. Railway, which also he threw up last month, and has been out of employment ever since. From all accounts Jardine does not appear to have behaved well as a husband; and it is stated by those who ought to know that, while on the G. I. P., he treated his wife with such marked cruelty that she was obliged to leave him and return to her parents at Delhi. Some time last month he went to Ajmere to seek employment, but being unsuccessful, he returned to Delhi, bringing with him a five-chamber revolver which he said belonged to a friend who had given it to him for the purpose of having it repaired. As Jardine kept the revolver with him some days without taking any steps towards having it repaired, his wife is stated to have the weapon repaired and sent back, when he shook the revolver at her, saying: "This is just the thing for you, and I shall have to use it some of these odd days. After this occurence, and up to Thursday last, Jardine and his wife did not appear to have lived on the best of terms. The evidence then goes to show that, on Thursday evening last, at the hour named, Jardine who was standing in the verandah of Mr. Cox's house, called his wife to come outside as he wished to speak to her. Mrs. Cox was at the time sitting out in the verandah. Mrs. Jardine came out in answer to her husband's call and stood before him. Jardine then put his hand into his pantaloon pocket and proceeded to draw out the revolver already referred to; and Mrs. Cox seeing this, and anticipating mischief, stepped between the husband and wife, shouting to the latter to run for her life. Jardine, however, pushed Mrs. Cox out of his way, causing the old lady to stumble and fall, and ran after his wife. Miss Cox, Mrs. Jardine's sister, who happened to come in his way, on hearing her mother's cries, was also pushed and thrown down.

Mrs. Jardine, who had in the meantime passed through the house and reached the end of the railway platform, was running towards the station in the hope of meeting her father, who was then on duty. Jardine reached the platform before his wife had proceeded many paces, and fired at her. The bullet struck the floor a little behind Mrs. Jardine, but without touching her, ricocheted into the corrugated iron roof of the railway station. Jardine, who still kept pursuing his wife, then fired a second shot, which missed its mark, but struck a telegraph peon, who was standing a little ahead of Mrs. Jardine, in the foot, the bullet passing through the heel. The terror-stricken woman then made for the Station Master's room, her husband being only a few paces behind her, and she was just reaching the door it when Jardine fired the third shot, the bullet passing through Mrs. Jardine's dress and between her legs and lodging in the wall. Fortunately for the poor woman, who would otherwise have most assuredly fallen a victim to her husband's murderous intent, Mr. Cox happened to be in the Station Master's room.

On hearing the first two shots, he thought some of the native railway employés were amusing themselves by letting off fireworks on the platform, and he had just got up with the intention of putting a stop to the fun as he supposed, when his daughter rushed into the room, crying for help and shouting that her husband was shooting her. The following second, Jardine also rushed into the room, revolver in hand and ready for the fourth shot. Mr. Cox, who took in the situation at a glance, immediately rushed at Jardine, overpowered with and threw him, pinning him to the floor. Jardine who is a slightly built man and no match for Cox, who possesses an excellent physique, seems to have been taken thoroughly by surprise at meeting Cox, and the prompt action of the latter in disabling and securing the would-be murderer before he had time to recover his presence of mind somewhat promptly put a stop to what might otherwise have terminated in a most painful tragedy. Cox held Jardine down till the police arrived and took him into custody. A charge under Section 307 of the Indian Penal Code—attempt to murder—has been framed against the accused, and the case comes on for hearing at 9 o'clock this morning before Mr. Edward O'Brien, Deputy Commissioner and Magistrate of the District.

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ALL Paris is talking about the forthcoming Hading-Koning divorce case. The beautiful actress, Jane Hading, has left the conjugal roof, retired to the house of her mother, and demanded a divorce from her husband, M. Victor Koning, the manager of the Gymnase, on the ground of incompatibility of temper. Those who look forward to "scandalous revelations" on the occasion of this trial will be disappointed. Madame Jane Hading has never displayed any taste or aptitude for *galante aventure*. Born on the stage, and having been on the boards from her tenderest childhood, Jane Hading has, I imagine, never had but one love, the love of her art, and but one affection, her affection for her mother. Beautiful as a statue of Phidias, and gifted with but a moderate share of natural talent, Jane Hading, by dint of continuous work, has become a remarkable actress, and has conquered the critical public of Paris and London after having spent the early years of her life as a miscellaneous actress and operetta singer at Algiers, Cairo, and Marseilles. When she first came to Paris she obtained simply a *succes de jolie femme* at the Palais Royal and at the Renaissance in *La Petite Marion*. Then she was not heard of again until 1883, when she appeared at the Gymnase absolutely metamorphosed, and astounded the critics, by her fine acting in *Le Maitre de Forges*, by her excellent elocution, the charm of her voice, the grace and harmony of her movements. What had happened since *La Petite Marion*? Was not M. Victor Koning to be credited with some of the teaching which had produced this wonderful result? Doubtless; and I believe we may reconstruct the outlines of this domestic romance and tragedy somewhat as follows: The director of the Gymnase was struck by the beautiful Jane Hading, took a deep interest in her, "coached" her assiduously, and brought her out under the most favourable possible circumstances in *Le Maitre de Forges*. The actress felt grateful to the manager; the manager paid his court to the actress; their *liaison* resulted in the birth of a child, who died. Thereupon Jane Hading, in whose temperament love never played any *rôle*, wished to break the *liaison*, the bond of attachment between them having ceased to exist. But the manager, fearing to separate his fortune from the rising fortune of the beautiful "star," and feeling, perhaps, something more than mere desire towards the cold and fascinating woman, insisted upon marriage. The circumstances were special; Jane Hading accepted; and, as she was a Catholic and he was a Jew, the marriage was celebrated in London in order to avoid the delay and complications of French banns. Contracted without love on the wife's side, and with a husband whose passions have never blinded him to his material interests, the marriage has not proved happy. The husband finally became jealous of his wife's love for her mother; and on her side the wife grew to hate her husband so violently that the catastrophe has come at last. We are now assisting at the unedifying spectacle of the calumniation of the wife in newspaper articles inspired by the husband, who, being of the school of Balzac's Moraudet, has doubtless some new managerial scheme in hand which will be facilitated by the outcome of this divorce suit.

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REVENUE SURVEY IN SIND.

MR. H. N. B. ERSKINE, in forwarding to Government, Colonel Ward's annual progress report of the Sind Revenue Survey and Settlement Department for 1885-86 wrote as follows:—

The survey of two talukas was completed during the year, and carried on in three others, and besides this scattered measuring work was done in ten talukas and the Kohistan of the Karachi District. The outturn of measuring work per man shows a large increase over last year, the percentage test rose from eight to nine, and the average error discovered fell from twenty-one guntas per acre to seventeen, results which cannot but be regarded as very satisfactory.

The work of the classing establishments is also satisfactory and the field-work of four talukas was fully completed by them, and that of a fifth partially. Proposals for a temporary settlement of four talukas were submitted during the year. Reports were also submitted regarding operations in Thar and Parkar and in Kohistan, and on the experimental measurement of Jagirs of the first and second class in the Tando Bago Taluka. The work of supplying maps and registers, and submission of proposals for revision of Village Tappadars' charges was also kept up to date.

The sanctioned grant for the Sind Survey this year was Rs. 1,88,798, as against Rs. 2,07,349 in the previous year, and the result of the year's working shows a saving of Rs. 27,057 on the grant allotted. The unadjusted balance at the close of last year was Rs. 3,54,585-5-9, and this was reduced during the year so that the closing unadjusted balance stands at Rs. 2,27,566-11-10, and bills for a further sum of Rs. 91,501-13-5, have been sent in since the close of the year. The cost of measurement and classification operations per acre has risen from two annas six pies in the previous year, to two annas eleven pies in the present, which is attributed to ordinary fluctuation. The Commissioner would only add that the work of the Department appears to have been thoroughly satisfactory, and to reflect credit on Colonel Anderson, who was in charge during the year, and his assistants.

ATTEMPTED MURDER OF A WIFE.

A DELHI correspondent gives details of an unhappy family quarrel which culminated on Thursday week in an attempt on the part of the husband to murder his wife by shooting her with a revolver. The following are the particulars.

The Assistant Station Master, Mr. Cox, whose quarters adjoin the railway station, has two grown-up daughters. One of these, named Sussex, was, on the 30th May of last year, married to a young man named Hugh D. Jardine. Jardine, at the time of his marriage, was employed on the railway and stationed at Gorakhpur. Shortly after returning to that place after his marriage, he either lost his appointment through misconduct, or threw it up for reasons not known, and returned to Delhi. He subsequently obtained an appointment on the G. I. P. Railway, which also he threw up last month, and has been out of employment ever since. From all accounts Jardine does not appear to have behaved well as a husband; and it is stated by those who ought to know that, while on the G. I. P., he treated his wife with such marked cruelty that she was obliged to leave him and return to her parents at Delhi. Some time last month he went to Ajmere to seek employment, but being unsuccessful, he returned to Delhi, bringing with him a five-chamber revolver which he said belonged to a friend who had given it to him for the purpose of having it repaired. As Jardine kept the revolver with him some days without taking any steps towards having it repaired, his wife is stated to have the weapon repaired and sent back, when he shook the revolver at her, saying: "This is just the thing for you, and I shall have to use it some of these odd days. After this occurence, and up to Thursday last, Jardine and his wife did not appear to have lived on the best of terms. The evidence then goes to show that, on Thursday evening last, at the hour named, Jardine who was standing in the verandah of Mr. Cox's house, called his wife to come outside as he wished to speak to her. Mrs. Cox was at the time sitting out in the verandah. Mrs. Jardine came out in answer to her husband's call and stood before him. Jardine then put his hand into his pantaloon pocket and proceeded to draw out the revolver already referred to; and Mrs. Cox seeing this, and anticipating mischief, stepped between the husband and wife, shouting to the latter to run for her life. Jardine, however, pushed Mrs. Cox out of his way, causing the old lady to stumble and fall, and ran after his wife. Miss Cox, Mrs. Jardine's sister, who happened to come in his way, on hearing her mother's cries, was also pushed and thrown down.

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APPELLATE COURT.—MAY 27.

(Before the CHIEF JUSTICE and Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD.)

AN APPEAL AGAINST A MAGISTRATE'S DECISION.

IMPERATRIX *vs.* GOPAL BALSHET.

THIS was an appeal against the conviction of the appellant by Mr. P. Ryan, third Presidency Magistrate, of abetment of criminal breach of trust.

Mr. Shantaram Narayen appeared for the appellant.

The facts of the case were that on the 12th ultimo the harbour police, in consequence of certain information, boarded a prow anchored near the middle ground, and among a number of bags of wheat, which formed the cargo of the vessel, they found a number of empty canvas bags, belonging to Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co. The boatmen were arrested, and at the police enquiry admitted the theft, which they averred they had committed at the instigation of the accused. The Magistrate said that he had no doubt that the appellant was a party more or less to the transaction, and taking into consideration the number of convictions registered against him, sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

Their Lordships declined to interfere in the matter, and rejected the appeal.

SENTENCES REVERSED.

IMPERATRIX *vs.* RAMA BIN MAIRALA.

This appeal was made against a sentence of six years' imprisonment passed by Mr. C. H. Jopp, the Assistant Sessions Judge of Sattara, on the appellant, for dacoity.

It appeared that on the night of the 15th March, 1886, a dacoity was committed in the house of one Naro Bapujee of

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 27.

THE weekly return of the Bank of England shows an increase of 1 per cent. during the week in the proportion of the Reserve to Liabilities, which now stands at 48 per cent., but rates of discount remain unchanged; and Consols yesterday were ⅛ lower at 101⅛. Bar Silver in London was 1-16d. higher at 43 9-16d., but Rupee Paper, which latterly appears to have been governed by the reverse of the usual influence, has declined ⅛ in 4 and ⅜ in 4½ per cents. French Rentes in Paris are ⅛ higher again at 84·08f., but we may look for a reaction being advised to-morrow, consequent on the political news received this afternoon.

In the Mincing Lane markets Linseed is reported firm with a partial advance of 3d. per quarter in Calcutta qualities. Rapeseed is firmer, and 1s. to 1s. 6d. dearer. Wheat comes unchanged according to Reuter's message, but dull in private advices.

The Liverpool Cotton market yesterday closed steady with estimated sales of 8,000 bales comprising 1,000 Surats. Spot prices were unchanged except for a nominal advance of ⅛d. in Good Hinganghaut,—which now-a-days is quite a fancy quotation—and arrivals are also unaltered. In New York yesterday ready Mid-Uplands were 1-16 cent. higher at 11½, August futures 10 points dearer at 11·14 and September 9 points up at 10·86 cents. per lb, the previous day's quotation of 10·97 for the latter proving to be a mistake for 10·79. The Receipts at the U. S. ports to date are as follows:—

	1887.	1886.	1885.
Thursday's Receipts ...	1,000	5,300	1,200
Six days' do. ...	8,000	21,200	5,200
Total since 1st Sept ...	5,172,000	5,173,900	4,674,100

Our local Cotton market remains quiet in the extreme, the operations of exporters being singularly limited, for such an advanced stage of the season. Prices are all unchanged, but they are in a great measure nominal except for the purchases on the part of the local Mills. We hear of 800 bales Dholleras and Wadwan having changed hands at Rs. 185 to Rs. 196 according to quality; 200 bales Veraval at Rs. 165 to Rs. 175; 500 bales Antni at Rs. 161½; 500 bales Julgaum at Rs. 183 to Rs. 184; and 500 bales Sawginned Dharwar at Rs. 197 to Rs. 200 per candy. The official prices as issued to-day are:—

	Fine	F.G. Good.	F.G.F. Dely.	
Bengals	161	147 142	136	May.
Karanja	...	... 204	194	) Nominal.
Akola	...	... 197	...	)
Sheagaum	...	... 197	...	) ready.
Khamgaum	...	... 198	...	)
Julgaum	...	195 188-9	180	ready.
Khandesh(generally)	...	... 188	179	,,
		(May) (May)	Ready	
Bhownugger	219	208 194	185-6	,,
Dholleras) up c.				
Wadhwan) pressed	219	203-4 195	...	May
Broach (best)	287	230 ...	...	,,
Sawgd. Dharwar	...	... 204	...	June 20
Westerns	...	... 190	...	,,

WHEAT is decidedly quieter in tone. As yet sellers have not lowered their prices, but buyers decline to go on, and even for ready stuff the demand is less active, shippers having provided for their more pressing wants for this month's shipments. Arrivals continue very free, and before long we may see the position of the market reversed with sellers not buyers inclined to force business.

SEEDS.—Linseed is firm with a considerable enquiry at previous prices. For Rapeseed a strong demand has prevailed at advancing rates, Yellow Guzerat being now quoted at Rs. 5-11 to Rs. 5-12, Red Cawnpore at Rs. 5-1 to Rs. 5-2 per cwt.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were:—

Cotton	15,174 bales.
Wheat	86,227 cwts.
Linseed	7,356 ,,
Rapeseed	2,787 ,,
Gingelly	2,182 ,,

FREIGHTS have been active with a large business doing. For ready, May shipment guaranteed, engagements have been made at £1-3-9 and £1-5-0. For June loading a large quantity of cargo has been booked at £1-3, new scale, for Havre, Antwerp and Dunkirk, and a steamer is reported to have been fixed for June loading, U. K. or Continent, at £1-2-6 per ton.

EXCHANGE.—We have had quite a firm market in Sterling to-day, and Credits are practically 1-32d. higher. Bank Bills ready are not changed, but for future delivery are obtainable on rather more favourable terms, demand for the first mail in June being quoted at 1s. 4 23-32d., and later at 1s. 4 11-16d., July at 1s. 4 21-32d., August-September at 1s. 4 19-32d., October 1s. 4 17-32d., and November to March at 1s. 4d. For Tuesday's mail we quote:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4½d. per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4¾d. ,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 25-32d. ,,
Credits, 3 months' sight ...	1s. 4 15-16d. ,,
Francs, 3 months' sight ...	1·78½ ,,

Reuter reports extra allotments of Government drafts in London yesterday, of 3½ lakhs on Bombay in Bills at 1s. 4 29-32d., and 1 lakh in transfers on Madras 1s. 4 25-32d.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, affected by the reduced rates wired from London, has not been quite so firm to-day, and Fours have receded to Rs. 97½, Fours-and-a-half to Rs. 102½.

SHARES.—A further rise is reported in Bank of Bombays to Rs. 767½. Berar Press shares have improved to Rs. 565. In Spinning Mills, Colaba have advanced to Rs. 655, Bombay United have declined to Rs. 835, Coorla to Rs. 540, Framjee Petit's to Rs. 600, and Lukmidass Khimjee to Rs. 770. Port Cannings are firm at Rs. 320.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Ratio.
INDIAN BANK...		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay ...	20,000	500	all	ct.	70½
Bank of Bengal ...	48,000	500	all	10 do.	80
Bank of Madras ...	10,000	500	all	5 do.	615
EXCHANGE BANK.					
Agra Bank	10,000	4	4	6 do.	155
Hong. and Shang. H. Corporation	41,111	100	all	17½ do	452
National Bank of India	37,320	$125		5 pct.	105xrl.
		250			

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	875
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,025
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,00	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co.....	950	8,000	1,000	Rs. 190	1,725

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	4100	—	4116
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent..	—	4100	—	4161

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	20*	1,250	1,250	—4	1,075
Albert Ginning Co. ..	10	50	500	Rs.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	800
Apollo Press Co. (mixed shares)	750	400	40*	Rs. 2	225
Bellary	62	1,000	1,0	Rs. 70	350
Brauls Cawnpore P. Co. Ld.		200	20	Rs. 1	120
Bombay Cotton Press.	10	125	12	Rs. 11	107½
Colaba Press Co. ...		1,250	1,250	Rs. 60	1,050
Dhollera P. & G. Co.		500	50	12	105
East India Press Co.		1,000	1,00	Rs. 15	1 3-0
Fort Press Co.		5,000	2,50	Rs. 6	1. 50
French Press Co. ...	30	500	50	Rs. 80	635
Harvey & Sabapathy Co. Ld.	450	800	80	Rs. 95	401
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	450	all	Rs. 45	390
Manmar Mfg. Co ...	1,000	250	25	Rs. 10	235
Mercantile Press ...	1,000	125	125	—	97½
Mofussil Co.	2,125	400	40	Rs. 55	420
New Bazar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	800	80	Rs. 60	505
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	..	117½
Prince of W. Press Co.	950	800	10*	Rs. 3.	395
Sahapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	800	80	80	Rs. 70	450
Shri Press Co.	400	2,000	75	Rs. 75	405
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	400	1,000	1,00	Rs. 12	1220
Sassoon Press Co. ...	200	500	50	2	550
Volkart Press Co. ..	450	1,000	1,00	Rs. 2	580

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co. Ld.	1,000	200	200	} 10	170
Badhan Pile & Co. Ld.	750	200	157	} p.	130
Bapty Co.	125	200	165	nil.	90
Barton & Co., Ld. ...	500	00	100	Rs. 20	
Do. New issue ..	800		37	103-3p.c	12-5
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld. ..		800	100	3-8p.	100xl.
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	800	500	500	15 p. c.	492xd
Bombay Saw Mills ...	800	1,000	1,000	15 p. ct.	230
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,25*	100	100	Rs. 5	108
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,00*	2,50*	1,600	7 p.c.	2,650
Do. (3rd Issue....	2,000	62	875	Rs. 5	665
Bombay Municipal Bonds		...		3½	10 3
Cash Bazar	1,5**	100	10*	..	14 M.
Clydesdale Jute Co.	1,000	500	400	..	400
Cooper, Madox & Co., Ld.	3,00*	10*	10*	Rs. 10	72
Joyce & Co., Ld. ...	500	1 0	40	...	45
Indian Guarantee Shareholding Association	5,00*	10*	0*	Rs. 15	16½
Kaiser-i-Hind Coal Mining Co. Limited	42,00	25	25	Rs. 4	10½
Kandalgaon Exchange Co. Ld.	800	200	200	..	250
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,00*	201	175	Rs. 28	324
Marden & Co., Ld. ..	4,000	100	100	16 p.ct.	102
Napier Hotel Co. ...	300	100	100	13 p.ct.	90
Napier Foundry and Mfg. Co.	1,50*	100	100	..	80
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company ...	5,00*	20*	5	5 & 7½	105
Oriental Loan Association	6,00*	21	21	3 p. c.	21
Rams and Co., Ld. ..	1,00*	101	101	Rs. 17	45
Port Canning Co. ...	5,00*	50	1,00	Rs. 1	320
Phillips & Co., Ld. ..	5,00*	100	400	p.c.	101
Somaiya & Co.	3,00*	10	10		20
Telephone Co., Ld. ..	12,75	25	1		74
Thacker & Co., Ld. ..	3,00*	20	20	..	1,20
Thacker & Co., Ld. ..	1,50*	100	10	Rs. 15	165
Western India Flour Mills	600	125	100	nil.	95
M. M. Mody & Co. ..	800	00	200	11 p.c.	170

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,200	...	600	...	1,070
Albert Spinning Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,65*	50	500	Rs. 25	445
Anglo-Indian S. & W. company	2,37*	100	10*	Rs. 5	97
Alfred Mills Co. ...	1,00*	500	500	...	340
Allahabad Cotton Manufg. Co., Ld.	1,50*	1,00*	1,0	Rs. 30	535
Bellary S. & W. Co., Ld.	87*	50*	all	Rs. 7*	570xd
Bo. Cotton Mfg. Co. Ld.	60*	50*	50	Rs. 20	855
Bombay United	90	1,00	1,00	Rs. 30	835
Berar Mfg. Co., Ld. ..	2,75	25	25	..	155
Central India S. & W. Company	3,00	500	50	Rs. 25	800
New issues	3,00	125	..	Rs. 12.	200
Colaba Land & Mill Co.	4,000	700	70	Rs. 17½	655
Coonaughi Mills	840	500	50	Rs. 2	585
Coorla Mills	1,200	1,000	1,00	Rs. 31	540
City of Bombay Shares	680	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	765
Dhun Mills	1,00*	1,00	1,0*	Rs. 10	1000
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,50*	50*	50	Rs. 2	65½
Framji Petit Mfg. Co.	1,75*	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	600
Jordon Mills	2,00	500	50	...	157
Hindustan Mills	1,00	1,00*	1,00	33)	760
Hunganbai Mill Co., Ld.	75	50	all	37½ p.c	720
Hydraabad Spinning Co.	70	1,00	50	Rs. 30	130
Imperial Cotton Mills Co	6 0	50	1,0*	Rs. 25	1,30
Indian Manufg Co. Ld	50*	1,00	50	Rs. 3	1,25*
James Greaves Mills	10	800	1,00	Rs. 2	585
Prince of W. Press Co.	1,20*	50	5	Rs. 1-8	10
Ramna Bhaloo	1,20*	1,00	50	Rs. 5*	1,010
Khandelsh	750	1,00	1,0*	Rs. 30	875
Khatao Mankarjee, Leopold S. Bleachin. & Mfg. Co. Ld. ..	1,00	1,000	1,0*	Rs. 3*	760
Madras United	2,50*	1,00	10	Rs. 5	135
Manekchow Spinning Co.	5,00*	1,00	1,0*	Rs. 75	2,000
Muttulushmi	65	1,00	1,00	...	530
Manockjee Petit's....	4,05*	1,00	1,0*	Rs. 75	1,185
Mazagon Spinning Co	5,00*	250	25	Rs. 8	795
Morarjee Goculdas Spinning Co.	1,15*	1,000	1,00	Rs. 70	1,380
Mahaboobshai Mills, Gulburga	2,40*	(0)	...	9 p.c.	765
National Spinning	87*	1,00	1,0*	..	400
Naigaum Cotton Cleaning Co. Ld. ..	.00	1,00	100	...	55
Narayan Cotton Mills	97	1,00	1,000	...	201
New Great Eastern ..	1,00*	1,000	1,0*	Rs. 35	805
Oriental	5,75	82*	625	Rs. 25	595
People of India S. & W Company	..	25	25	Rs. 6½	130
Prince of Wale Spinning Company	0**	500	50*		75
Queen Spinning	800	1,00	1,00	Rs. 8	832½
Ripon Spinning	611	1,00	1,00	Rs. 5*	795
Sassoon S. & W. Co..	1,50	1,00	00	...	1,500
Samson and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld. ..	1,71*	500	50	Rs.	350
Shoiapore Mills	67*	1,00	1,00	Rs 5	1,145xd
Soonderdas	650	1,00	1,0*	...	610
Southern India S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,00*	500	50	Rs. 75	275xd.
Southern Mahratta S & W. Co. Ld.	1,31*	250	25	...	231
Victoria Mills	950	1,000	1,00	Rs. 20	450
Western India S & M Company	1,90*	1,000	1,0*	Rs. 0	610
Lukmidas Khimji S. W. Co.			1,00	Rs. 40	770

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Byculla, 1,072 tons, Captain S Warrington, brought to Bombay yesterday morning, a cargo of timber from Moulmein (May 10).

THE steamer New City, 1,441 tons, Captain J C Bray, was cleared out yesterday for Havre. She carries a general cargo on board for that port.

THE steamer Rozario, 1,221 tons, Captain W Magee, and consigned to Messrs Finlay Muir and Co., cleared yesterday laden with a general cargo for Aden and Hull.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co's steamre Melpomene, 1,943, tons, Captain L Limnessich, sailed last evening from Bombay laden with a general cargo for Trieste.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Comuilla, sailed yesterday under Captain McShannon for Coast and Karachi. She is laden with a general cargo, and carries the following passengers:—Mr C J Barton, Mr R S Campbell, Mr Randues Mourajee and Mr W Brooks, for Karachi; Col and Mrs T E Strong, for C Mandvie and 72 deck for Coast and Karachi.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

27TH MAY, 1887.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. M. Lebanon	..	.....	A	.....
,, Victoria	2223	W. Russel	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
,, Ravenna	3372	A. B. Daniell.....	C	P. & O. Co.
,, Venetia	1603	Worcester	D	P. & O. Co.
,, Europa	1492	R. Jones	E	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Kimberley..	..	.....	F	.....
,, C. Graham..	1911	Beer	G	F. Muir & Co.
,, Stella	1575	R. Partridge.....	H	W. & A. Graham & Co.
,, Perim	836	W. C. Smith.....	K	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, R. Rubattino	3011	G. Mevill	L	F. Bazzoni.
,, Eden Hall..	2353	Macdogall	M	E. Bates & Co.
,, Lisnacrieve.	1381	J. Williams	N	J. Mackintosh & Co.
,, Niagara	2014	Talbot	O	K. Nixon & Co.
,, Westbourne	1227	R. Boningthon .	P	Beyts Craig & Co.
,, Bokhara....	1699	C. R. Edwards ..	Q	P. & O. Co.
,, Kerbella....	1419	D. Stewart.....	Ibis	B. I. S. N. Co.

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
27	Byculla (s).....	Warrington.	Moulmein, May 10.
	Zulu	Fowles.....	Karachi, May 24.
	Storm Queen (s) ..	Irvine	Sunderland, April 21

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
27	Mobile (s)	Doert	Persian Gulf.
	Abyssinia	Hilton	Manilla.
	Commilla (s).....	Jodhanon..	Coast and Karachi.
	Rosario (s)	Dagoe	Hull, &c.
	Melpomene (s).....	Lomosich ...	Trieste.

The following vessels were entered outwards yesterday:—Steamer Bokhara, for London, &c.
Brig Zulu, for Mauritius.

The following vessels were cleared out yesterday:—Steamer Teddington, Free, for Gibraltar.
Ship New City, Bray, for Havre.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MAY 26.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Victoria (s), 500 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 1400 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 10,000 cwts wheat, Finlay Muir and Co; 216 bales cotton, F Masotty and Co; 200 bales cotton, The Bombay Co Ld; 97 bales cotton, H Footchand; 61 bales cotton, M Rambhagat; 723 cwts oil cakes, Glade and Co; 45 bales wool, G. Kessowji; 300 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 90 bales wool, E. Latham and Co; 25 casks cocoanut oil, F L Ratlibai.

Eden Hall (s), 18,000 cwts wheat, Finlay Muir and Co; 500 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 23,500 cwts wheat, The Bombay Co Ld; 86 cwts coir yarn, D Khetsey; 20 tons wheat, Owen and Okell.

Clan Graham (s), 200 bales cotton, Finlay Muir and Co; 200 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co; 31 bales cotton, Lang Moir and Co; 775 bales cotton, and 10,000 cwts wheat, The Bombay Co Ld; 4,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

Etolin (s), 8,688 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

Bellona (s), 12,000 cwts wheat, The Bombay Co Ld; 300 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co.

E Reed (s), 200 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Perim (s), 700 bales cotton, Breul and Co; 55 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 210 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 1 package Indian pottery works, Lyon and Co; 110 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co; 19 bales hides and skins, Punnett and Co; 25 bales hides and skins, B Esmail, 14 cases bristles and 115 cwts turmeric, F L, Batliboi 220 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co.

Korbella (s), 310 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR GIBRALTER.

Toddington (s) 1,000 cwts wheat, Louis Dreyfus.

FOR DUNDEE.

Kt Companion (s), 180 cwts linseed, The Bombay Co Ld.

FOR AMSTERDAM.

Niagara (s), 300 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR HULL.

Kimberley (s), 5,936 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Mt Lebanon (s), 325 cwts groundnuts, A Blascheck and Co.

City of Philadalphia (s), 2,200 bales hemp, Volkart Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Tockwith (s), 100 bales cotton, Punnett and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Stella (s), 688 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

Lamport (s), 900 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

Limacrieve (s), 4,000 cwts wheat, and 3,000 cwts gingelly seed, Lang Moir and Co; 1,204 cwts mowra seed, and 1,605 cwts gingelly seed, G. Mottee and Co.

FOR ODESSA.

Poseidon (s), 250 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Poseidon (s), 440 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 220 bales cotton, the Bombay Co Ld.

Welbury (s), 330 bales cotton, Lang Moir and Co.

City of Salop (s), 440 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 220 bales cotton, Punnett and Co.

Melpomene (s), 55 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Poseidon (s) 280 cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino (s), 35 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Monkseaton (s), 200 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

Westbourne (s), 100 bales cotton, B Spinner and Co; 3,000 cwts wheat, William Bell and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Ravenna (s), 22 chest opium, N J Abhraham; 6 chests opium, the P and O Co; 37 chests opium, the B and P S N Co; 7 chests opium, Jeowanji Norojji; 35 chests opium, Thacker Topan; 25 bales twist, N. J. Sassoon; 16 chests opium, S E Sassoon; 25 bales cotton, Tata and Co; 50 bales twist, S N Talati and Co; 20 chest opium, J Peerbhai.

Venetia (s), 18 bales twist, H E Ellias and Co; 100 bales twist, the Mahalaxmi S and W Co; 42 bales twist, J H Latimer and Co; 300 bales twist, Ahmedbhai Habibbhai; 243 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 50 bales twist, Esa Bin Khalifa; 55 bales twist, Jernabhai Peerbhai; 75 bales twist, R S Woonwalla; 250 bales twist, F Pestonji; 50 bales twist, S E Sassoon.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Ravenna (s), 100 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 10 chest opium, E Noordin and Co; ½ chest opium, S Abhraham; 76 chest opium, David Sassoon and Co; 44 chests opium, E J Abhraham; 200 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

Venetia (s), 40 bales tinest, J Damji; 8 bales twist, J H Latimer and Co; 25 bales twist, J D Sassoon and Co; 50 bales twist, F Pestonjee.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 25.

Davies, Lt, B. 2nd E Y Regt, from station leave, from Matheran.

MAY 26.

Burke, Surgeon Mad M Staff, on leave, from Secunderabad.

MAY 27.

Thackwell, Lt, B R E, on leave, from Jhelum.
Peart, Lt-Col, B Staff, on leave, from Sehore.
Peart, Lt. Bo. 61st Regt, on leave, from Ahmednagor.

DEPARTURES.—MAY 27.

Burney, Lt, Bo, R A, from leave, to Poona.
Barton, Lt, Bl, R Lanc Regt, from leave, to Quetta.
Strong, Col, Bo, 14th B I, on duty, to Bhuj.
Burke, Surgeon, Mad Med Staff on leave, to Ratnagiri.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Major F. S. HOSE, Officiating Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, May 28th, 1887.

1. The usual monthly Regimental Committee Meeting will be held at Head Quarter on Wednesday next the 1st June 1887 at 5-30 p.m. All members are requested to attend.

By Order,
(Sd.) G. W. ROUGHTON, Capt.,
Officiating Adjutant, B. V. R. Corps.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 28th May, 1887.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·736
Temperature of the Air	83·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·1
Dew Point	74·5
Relative humidity of Air	737
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10) ..	9·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.) ...	87·1
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.	81·3
Mean Directions of Wind*	W, WNW, W, WSW.
Move ment of wind in 24 hours	234

* From midnight to midnight.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P.M.
Extracts teeth under N. O. Gas,
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
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SURGEON DENTIST,
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STUTTGART.
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TREATS cases of accidents and injuries scientifically as well as according to the approved native system.
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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasm, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being so mild and tonic in their actionas they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England. In bottles ONLY. 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and non other.
. . . AGENTS WANTED.

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THOROUGHLY adapted to correct the various faults of refraction of defective Eyes.
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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,
Opticians to the principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India,
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ARE the only Pianofortes of that name that are so favourably and widely known in India for more than 30 years. Similarity of names are new introductions. Intending Purchasers should, therefore, be careful in asking, and more especially obtaining, a Piano by Schiedmayer and Soehne.
Gold Medals with HIGHEST Distinction at both the Antwerp and the London ("Inventions") Exhibitions, the only Firm of that NAME WHICH OBTAINED a Prize.
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Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 66.
Or 24 do. do. ,, 35.
The Sympathetic Pianoforte, Cash Rs. 780.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 72.
Or 24 do. do. ,, 38.
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MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Of every description for Military Band, Orchestra, or Nigger Troupe.
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CALCUTTA.

THE QUEEN'S LEATHER is Waterproof, Strong and Durable, and admirably adapted for CARRIAGE HOODS, APRONS, &c., and will be found to be of great service during the Monsoon.
SOLE IMPORTERS:
JOHN ROBERTS & Co.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

AT SEA.

BIRTH.

JAMES—May 2, at Sea, the wife of Lieutenant H James, Ben S C, prematurely, of a son.

DEATH.

JAMES—May 2, at Sea, Infant son of Lieutenant H James, Ben S C.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

DEATHS.

MILLER—May 18, at Chinsurah, Thomas Miller, of heart disease, aged 62 years, 7 months, and 2 days.
SCOTT—May 20, at "Mar Lodge," Allahabad, Bessie, the wife of Colonel E Holmes Scott, Retired List.
SURDIVALL—May 20, at Allahabad, Robert Surdivall, Sub-Conductor, Transport Department, of pneumonia, aged 32 years.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1887.

THE Nizam has during the past few days issued an order which may be considered as a highly important contribution to the chapter of Hyderabad reforms. In this document, only the purport of which has been revealed, his Highness deals with the exemption from the jurisdiction of the Government Courts which is claimed by some of the nobles and jaghirdars on their own behalf and on that of their retainers. These claims, it is understood, are unhesitatingly disallowed, and the nobles and others who claim to be out of jurisdiction are told that they must consider that henceforth they are in this respect on an equal footing with the rest of the Nizam's subjects. It required some courage to deal with this question, for privileges of many kinds, and of various degrees of importance, are involved in it. We seem to see in the body of privileges which are about to be curtailed in Hyderabad something akin to the special rights and immunities claimed by the feudal barons of England which required a long series of executive and legislative measures, extending from the reign of Edward the First to that of Henry the Seventh, to check and finally to destroy. Or to take a nearer and in some respects a more exact parallel,—the *noblesse* of France in the time of the old regime, administering justice within their domains, claiming *droits de seigneur* against law Courts and tax-gatherers, and gallantly evading salt tax and excise and customs duties, were not more jealous sticklers for the privileges of their order than the Nawabs and Bahadoors whom the Nizam's mandate has just put upon the same footing as the rest of his subjects. The text of the order has not yet been made public, and it is not quite clear how comprehensive his instructions are. We can scarcely think that at one stroke the proudest nobles of Hyderabad, kinsmen, many of them, of his Highness himself, will be made amenable to the ordinary jurisdiction of the Courts. They will claim to be tried by their peers, and it would be a very courageous Radicalism which would deny them this right. His Highness' most recent action, indeed, has not been based upon any such principles of abstract equality and of unflinching administration of justice irrespective of persons. The full release of the Sultan Nawaz Jung from the heavy fine imposed upon him for the misdoings of his followers at the Moharrum of 1884 is doubtless eminently defensible for reasons of State; but we cannot see in it an illustration of the new principle of putting nobles and pea-nats on an equal footing before the Courts. Very recently, again, in the proceedings in which the Nawab Server Jung confronted the City Kotwal, Akbar Jung, we saw that the method of extra-judicial inquiry by means of special commissions was in full vigour. Apparently then, however earnest may be the reforming spirit which prevails in Hyderabad just now, it is not intended to administer justice on the principles of a levelling Radicalism, which assumes that the Court which is good enough for one man to plead in is equally good for everybody else. There will be an equality before

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE OAKS.

LONDON, MAY 27, 3-45 P.M.

The following is the result of the Oaks :—

Reve d'Or 1
St Helen 2
Freedom 3

RUSSIA AND AFGHANISTAN.

ST. PETERSBURG, MAY 26.

The *St. Petersburg Gazette* denies that Russia is advancing towards Badakshan.

ILLNESS OF THE CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY.

BERLIN, MAY 26.

It is officially announced that the Crown Prince suffers from an affection of the throat, and it is admitted that the only hope of a cure lies in the course of time.

THE FRENCH MINISTRY.

PARIS, MAY 26.

M. de Freycinet has again been obliged to abandon the task of forming a new Cabinet, owing to the opposition encountered to the retention of General Boulanger in the Cabinet.

THE EMIN BEY RELIEF EXPEDITION.

ZANZIBAR, MAY 26.

Mr. Stanley and his party left Stanley Pool on April 29.

THE LIMBIN PRINCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MAY 27.

The Limbin Prince has arrived at Fort Stedman, whence he will be conducted under an escort to Hlaingdet *en route* for Rangoon.

A PROPOSED TRAMWAY FOR MADRAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MAY 27.

Madras is likely to have a tramway ere long, as a leading firm here has made certain proposals on behalf of a London firm, which it is believed will be accepted by the Municipality.

ARMY GENERAL ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MAY 27.

With the sanction of Government, H. R. H. the Commander-in-Chief is pleased to make the following appointment :—Captain L. L. Steele, 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment, to officiate as Brigade Major, Poona, with effect from the 6th May 1887, during the absence of Major Watson on furlough on medical certificate, or until further orders.

H. R. H. the Commander-in-Chief is pleased to make the following appointments :—1st Bombay Infantry (Grenadiers(—Lieutenant C. H. Macdonald Staff Corps, Wing Officer and Quartermaster, 8th Bombay Infantry, to be Wing Officer and Adjutant. 3rd Bombay Light Infantry—Lieut. H. Lowther, 2nd Battalion Northamptonshire Regiment, who has been appointed a probationer in the Bombay Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer on probation, dated the 25th May 1887.

In continuation of G. O. C. No. 292 of the 29th April 1887, it is notified that Lieutenant W. Elliot, Artillery, No. 1 Mountain Battery, will attend the Garrison Class, Poona, instead of Captain J. R. C. Domvile, 7th Bombay Infantry.

The undermentioned Officer has returned to duty with the permission of the Secretary of State for India on the date specified :—Major James Grant, Staff Corps, Second-in-Command, 17th Regiment Bombay Infantry, 18th May 1887.

The undermentioned Officer is granted leave of absence on medical certificate :—Staff Surgeon H. E. Deane, Bareilly to Naini Tal, from the 2nd June to 31st July 1887, on private affairs.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 27.

Surgeon A. H. Pierson officiates as Civil Surgeon of Sibi, during the absence on furlough of Surgeon Weir.

Several promotions and reversions take place in the graded list of the Political Department, consequent on the services of Mr. E. G. Colvin being placed at the disposal of the Bengal Government, on return from the seconded list, of Captain C. E. Yate ; re-appointment of Mr. W. J. Cunningham to be Under-Secretary, Foreign Department, on promotion ; of Lieutenant-Colonel Miles to officiate as Resident, 2nd class ; grant of furlough to Mr. H. S. Barnes, and return from privilege leave of Major E. L. Durand.

Consequent on the return Mr. A. D. Carey, Commissioner of the Northern India Salt Revenue, the services of Mr. A. B. Paterson are replaced at the disposal of Government, N.-W. Provinces.

The following Officers are granted leave :—Major J. S. Biscoe, 240 days ; Deputy Surgeon-General Slaughter, 182 days ; Lieut.-Col. C. T. P Luxmoore and Surgeon-Major W. M. Courtney, 1 year each.

Major W. H. Coaker officiates as Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, during the absence of Colonel Luard on leave, and Colonel K. A. Jopp officiates as Deputy Consulting Engineer, vice Coaker.

Mr. W. H. Reynolds is appointed Deputy Conservator of Forests, 2nd grade, in the Punjab, and Captain C. T. Bingham, Deputy Conservator, 2nd grade, Burma, is promoted to 1st grade.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, MAY 26.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Malwa, with the outward English mails of the 20th instant, left here for Bombay at 11 p.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, MAY 25.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Henzada arrived here from Bombay, Kurrachee and Malabar Coast this afternoon.

MAY 26.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Rewa left here for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, this morning.

LISBON, MAY 25.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Quetta, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

PORT SAID, MAY 27.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Navarino, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

SUEZ, MAY 25.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Kangra, outward bound for Bombay, Kurrachee and Malabar Coast, left here this morning.

ADEN, MAY 26.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer India left here, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, yesterday evening.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Huzara, homeward bound from Bombay, Kurrachee and Malabar Coast, left here this morning.

HONGKONG, MAY 27.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Kashgar, (extra), which left Bombay on the 10th May, arrived here at 5 p.m. yesterday.

COLOMBO, MAY 27.

The French mail steamer Tibre left for Calcutta at 4 a. m., and the Irrawaddy for China at 8 a. m. this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MAY 26.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dholleras 4¼

The Manchester market has been quiet.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper 68⅜
4½ per cent. „ 72½
3 per cent. Consols for account 103⅜
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan 102⅛
4½ per cent. French Rentes 108½
Bar Silver 43 9-16

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total bullion, £23,700,000 ; increase, £200,000 ; public deposits, £5,000,000 ; increase, £200,000 ; other deposits, £26,100,000 ; increase, no change ; other securities, £18,700,000 ; decrease, £100,000 ; notes and gold, £14,900,000 ; increase, £300,000.

The Bank's Reserve is 48 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(MAY 27.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoy, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoy, perfect.

Monlmein route to Siam interrupted beyond British frontier.

Delayed messages to Calcutta and to the Madras Presidency will, owing to interruption of the East Coast, suffer great delay.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY, NIGHT, MAY 26.

10 p.m. ..... 82°

FRIDAY, MAY 27.

6 a.m. ..... 82·4
10 a.m. ..... 86·4
p.m. ..... 87·4
4 p.m. ..... 86·9

A CORRESPONDENT informs us that it was raining heavily at Matheran on Thursday morning, and that in the evening the weather had a very monsoonish appearance.

SIR GANPAT RAO, Minister of Gwalior, on behalf of the Durbar, has presented a lakh and twenty thousand rupees to the Imperial Institute.

IT is mentioned to the credit of Dhuleep Singh that he has declined to receive his pension from the Indian Government, though a portion of it is being paid to his wife and children.

THE following telegram from the Resident at Aden, dated 26th May, has been received at the Secretariat :—"British Consul at Alexandria has imposed quarantine on arrivals from Akyab and Tonquin. Will conform in anticipation of formal sanction."

THE late Sir Salar Jung's debts amount to upwards af thirty-two lakhs of rupees. His Highness the Nizam has, as we have already announced, very generously consented to pay thirty-lakhs towards their liquidation, and an enquiry is now being conducted in the Accountant-General's office into all claims perferred. Many of them include very large sums for interest, which it may be possible to reduce so as to bring the amount payable down to 30 lakhs, the sum sanctioned by his Highness.

IT is announced that the Nizam has decided that all native gentlemen who hold titles from his Highness' Government in the grade of Jung and upwards are to be addressed as Nawabs. The following are the Hyderabad title-grades commencing from the lowest :—Khan Bahadur, Jung, Dowlah, Mulk and Jah. The latter is usually comferred on His Highness' own relatives only.

IN September last the Nizam's Government forwarded to the Resident the Report of the Debt Commission which had concluded its labours a short time previously. The original Commission was appointed a short time after his Highness' Installation in deference to the wishes of the Government of India, who desired to know what the actual State Debt amounted to. Advantage had been taken of Sir Salar Jung's death to multiply it by double figures, and there was so much speculation afloat concerning it that Lord Ripon's Government requested the Minister to hold a careful enquiry and report the results to the Resident. The first Commission did its work so slowly that last year it was abolished and a new one, of which General Campbell was president, was nominated. Its report was satisfactory enough as far as it went, but as the scope of its enquiries was strictly limited to the period of the late Sir Salar Jung's Administration (1853-83), upwards of 80 per cent. of the claims preferred before it were rejected as not coming within the cognizance of the Commission. That is to say, all claims dated prior to 1853 were rejected by it, and as the majority of the claims preferred before it referred to transactions which had taken place before the late Sir Salar Jung became Minister, the Commission had no option but to reject them. The total amount of the claims preferred was Rs. 6,27,92,041, of which claims of the value of Rs. 5,87,40,844 were dismissed for the above reasons. A third Commission has now been nominated to dispose of this sum of upwards of five and half crores. Many of the claims are made up solely of interest, compound and double compound, until the original principal, if there ever was any, becomes lost in a long vista of percentages. The Commission is to report as soon as possible.

MESSRS. R. G. ORR and Jer. Ryan have concluded a long lease with the Zemindar of Sivagunga in the Madura District of the Madras Presidency. The lessees have undertaken to clear the estate of all encumbrances to the extent of 17 lakhs of rupees, and have handsomely provided for the Zemindar and his family. The arrangement is purely a private enterprise, and in no way associated with anything like a company. Some idea of the magnitude of the transaction may be formed when we state that the Zemindary consists of 1,551 square miles with a population of about 450,000 souls living in 3,000 villages and occupying some 90,000 houses. The annual tax payable to Government is nearly 3 lakhs of rupees.

THE *Indian War Cry* of May 23 chronicles the marriage of Capt. Jaya Ghosa with Cadet Clara, which event took place at the Evangelistic Hall, Madras, on the 2nd of May. This is the first Army wedding, we are told, that has taken place in Madras. The wedding seems to have had a peculiar effect on Capt. Abdul Rahman, Bandmaster of the Madras Corps Brass Band, for we read that, during the proceedings, the bandmaster sang "Oh ! I glad, I'm ready." The *Madras Times* remarks, by way of comment, that we shall doubtless read, in due course, of some Hallelujah babies dropping from the skies as the result of the above alliance.

ON Mr. A. D. Carey, who recently returned to India from a two years' tour in the Himalayas, rejoining his appointment as Commissioner of Northern India, Salt Revenue, about the 26th inst., Mr. A. B. Patterson, who has been officiating for him, will take three months' leave in India prior to returning to a Collectorship in the North-West Provinces.

THE Queen's Birthday was kept up at Simla with the usual honours, the Volunteers parading at Annandale and firing a *feu de joie*, while a salute of 31 guns was fired at noon from the saluting battery. A number of loyal devices were to be seen displayed about the station, presumably by reason of its being the Jubilee year, and according to an up-country paper there were at least two illuminations at night.

NEWS from Kabul states that the Amir's health is still improving, but that his Highness has not held a Durbar for some days, though he has let it be made known that he himself will take the field against the Ghilzais if his Generals do not quell the rebellion soon. This announcement, remarks an up-country paper, must be taken with due reserve, as the Amir is not likely to venture far from Kabul in the present state of affairs.

DISQUIETING rumours of Russian activity and Afghan treachery in Badakshan still continue to come from native sources across the frontier. It is stated, for instance, that in Bajaur the merchants of Miankalai, which is above half-way between the frontier of India and Badakshan, who used to take articles of haberdashery to Badakshan, have this year been prevented at the frontier of Bajaur from proceeding any further. This was on account of the unsettled state of Badakhshan, where some disturbance is going on between Abdulla Jan, the Governor, and Sher Afzul Khan, the Commander-in-Chief. The merchants are now going to Hamza, a place on the frontiers of Wakhan and Upper Chitral. Traders are also under the impression that Abdulla Jan will hand over Badakhshan to the Russians of his own accord. They assert that they have also learnt by letters that the influence of Russia is growing powerful in Wakhan and Shignau, and that in the fort of Killa Panjab, which is on the northern side of the river Oxus, there are about 1,500 Russian soldiers. Sher Afzal Khan has, it is alleged, written many times to the Amir on the subject, but no answer has come to him. The inhabitants of Badakhshan are so much tired of the oppression and avarice of Abdulla Jan, that many of them have left their villages and have settled themselves in Kholab, a province of Russia under the Governor of Bokhara. It is curious in all this, how persistent are the rumours of Abdulla Jan's infidelity to the Amir, in contradiction to the estimate generally held of him on this side of the frontier.

MADAME ADELINA PATTI gave her farewell *matinée* at Boston on the 20th April. The opera was "La Traviata," and in the course of the performance the delighted amateurs of the "Hub" called Madame Patti before the curtain no fewer than thirty-three times.

ONE of the Indian troopers is to be used to accommodate peers, members of the House of Commons, and other "distinguished visitors" at the Naval Review at Spithead on Saturday, July 23rd. The Queen has ordered that there is to be "no firing" either at Spithead or at the Aldershot review, on July 9th.

VALUABLE coal-seams have been discovered in Tongking between Kaipok and Bacnih. Without going deep, the upper seams in one deposit are estimated at 8,000,000 tons. Tonking consumes annually 100,000 tons of coal from England and France, and great expectations have been formed in connection with the discovery.

THE Queen holds a strong opinion on the Colin Campbell case, and *Truth* hears that her Majesty declares that Lady Colin has been shamefully treated, and that she will be pleased to receive her at Court. "Her Majesty has very decidedly condemned the whole conduct of the Campbell family in respect to Lady Colin, and particularly blames the Duke of Argyll and Lord Colin."

IN Bombay it is a common practice, when directing a letter to any person in the neighbourhood, for people to write the word *Local* in the left-hand corner of the envelope. This saves the P. O. sorters a good deal of trouble. The practice also obtains in London, but should any one with that idea write *Local* over an address on a post-card, red-tapeism charges the recipients one penny, because that word does not form part of the direction. *Truth* asks indignantly, "Can official stupidity go further ?"

ROYAL YACHTS are expensive luxuries. The original cost of the Victoria and Albert was about £136,000, and she has since had spent on her over £300,000. The Osborne's original cost was about £106,000, and she has had about £112,000 expended on her. The Alberta's original cost was £27,000, with a subsequent expenditure of £68,000. The Elfin's original cost was £6,000, the subsequent expenditure being over £40,000. Besides these interesting items, the annual pay of the officers and crews of the Royal yachts is close upon £50,000.

THE new Orient Liner Ormuz has just delivered the homeward Australian mails in the shortest time on record. The Ormuz left Adelaide, with mails from the various Australian colonies, at 10 p.m. on the 4th of April, and the mails were delivered, *via* Brindisi, at the General Post Office in London at 6 p.m. on Sunday, April 30. The transit was thus effected in twenty-six days, twenty hours apparent time, or, allowing for the difference in longitude, twenty-seven days, five hours actual time. The mails were delayed for twelve hours in Suez, waiting for the despatch of the train for Alexandria.

Atlas is asked to state this very painful case : "A baronet, now elderly, who served with distinction throughout the whole of the Indian Mutiny, and whose propetry was lost through the gross mismanagement of his trusted agent, is now, with his wife, reduced to a dire state of poverty. He is incapacitated by illness from doing much to help himself, and their entire income is thirty shillings a week, half of which is paid for lodgings. I have the very best authority for stating that this is a real case of urgent distress, and I should be happy to take care of any contributions that may be forwarded to me for its relief."

SOME Japanese gentlemen have conceived the ingenious idea of forming a company to promote travel abroad. It is called the *Yoku-Kusuku*. Each member pays, according to his object, either twenty *yen*, ten *yen*, or five *yen* monthly. When sufficient funds have accumulated, lots are drawn, and the fortunate person upon whom the lot falls, is entitled to travel abroad at the expense of the company. If he is in the first class—*i.e.*, if he is among the twenty-*yen* subscribers—he is entitled to spend ten years abroad ; if in the second class, five years ; and if in the third class, he is only allowed to pay a passing visit to Europe or America, as the case may be.

THE women in the Sultan's seraglio at Constantinople have just been vaccinated to the number of one hundred and fifty. The operations took place in a large hall, under the superintendence of four gigantic eunuchs. The Italian surgeon, to whom the task was confided, was stationed in front of a huge screen, and the women were concealed behind it. A hole had been made in the centre of the screen just large enough to allow an arm to pass through ; and in this manner the arms of various colours and sizes were presented to the operator in rapid succession. It was utterly impossible for the surgeon to get a glimpse of his patients ; but, in order to guard against the chance of his being able to see through the screen, two eunuchs who stood by the operator threw a shawl over his face the instant an operation was concluded, and did not remove it till the next arm had been placed in position.

A SCHEME has been prepared in Japan for raising funds for purposes of coast defence by means of a general subscription. Some of the vernacular papers oppose the scheme on the ground that the coast defence should be an imperial charge. The *Japan Mail*, on the other hand, supports it, declaring that it would be emphatically an honour to Japan should the munificence of her wealthy patriots enable the scheme to be carried out. "There is the further reflection," it says, "that such efforts as that which Japan is now asked to make, are themselves a powerful means of stimulating the spirit upon which their success depends. It is morally certain that this subscription will invest the whole subject of coast defence with an interest which it did not previously possess for the bulk of the people, and will convert the thoughtless indifference of many into active zeal."

WHETHER it be owing to the advance of spring or to the inherent belligerency of the Berlin and St. Petersburg press, one cannot say ; but the fact is, says a London correspondent, that though the Schnaebell incident has blown over, the situation of affairs in Eastern Europe begins to look more grave. The statement of the *North German Gazette* as to Austria and Russia having made arrangements for the absorption by the former of Bosnia as far back as 1876 have been a revelation to the European public. The official Berlin paper has published these facts not only to show that she had been kept in the dark by the two Powers, but to emphasise Prince Bismarck's oft-repeated assertion that Germany has no control over or concern with Austria's foreign policy, and is not responsible for her progress southwards, as has been alleged by M Katkoff, the anti-German editor of the *Moscow Gazette*. The revelations of Prince Bismarck's organ have caused considerable irritation in Vienna, but the action of the Berlin newspaper was not dictated by any desire to offend Austria, for the relations between that country and Germany are now almost perfect. Nevertheless, not only the Viennese, but the Hungarians are annoyed, the latter particularly so, because the arrangement was concluded by Count Andrassy, the Hungarian Minister, who thus turns out to have been responsible for an alliance with the hated Muscovite.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE Government of India have formally accorded sanction to the formation of Volunteer Reserves at Calcutta and Bombay as Presidency towns. They have further approved of Major Bissett's scheme for similar Reserves on the Bombay-Baroda Railway, and have empowered the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to form Reserves in Chota Nagpur, where it is believed that Europeans scattered at various places will join the movement. Each reservist will get a rifle, bayonet and accoutrements, and be entitled to draw 50 rounds of ammunition per annum. Simple shooting tests will be imposed for efficiency. The capitation grant will be Rs 10, with Rs. 5 for clothing.

IT is notified in Saturday's *Gazette* that the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the formation of a 4th Administrative Battalion of Volunteers in the North-West Provinces, to be constituted of the Ghazipur Volunteer Rifle Corps and the Ghazipur and Gorakhpur Corps of Light Horse. In other words, the Ghazipur Volunteers have attained the status of a battalion.

THE following appointments have been made :—10th Bengal Lancers. Lieutenant L. N. Younghusband, West Yorkshire Regiment, to be officiating Squadron Officer on probation. 18th Bengal Lancers.—Major G. L. R. Richardson and Captain G. A. Money, Squadron Commanders, to move up in grade succession, vice Major E. S. Neave, retired ; Captain J. E. Nixon, Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Commander ; and Lieutenant H. W. Campbell, from the 6th Bengal Cavalry, to be Squadron Officer, vice Captain Nixon. 7th Bengal Infantry.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. London, General List Infantry, to be officiating Second-in-Command. 14th Sikhs.—Captain C. J. Jamieson, Wing Officer, to be Wing Commander, vice Major H. A. Sawyer, seconded. 15th Sikhs.—Major H. A. Abbott, Wing Commander, to be Second-in-Command, vice Lieutenant-Colonel D. W. Inglis, appointed Commandant ; and Captain R. C. Hadow, Wing Officer, to be Wing Commander, vice Major Abbott. 26th Punjab Infantry.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. Farwell, Second-in-Command, to be Commandant, vice Lieutenant-Colonel B. E. Gowan, transferred to the 4th Sikhs ; Major L. Dening, Wing Commander, to be Second-in-Command ; Captain S. H. P. Graves, Wing Officer, to be Wing Commander, and to continue seconded ; and Captain H. A. Ravenshaw, Wing Officer, to be Wing Commander, sub pro tem, vice Captain Graves. 1st Battalion 1st Gurkhas.—Lieutenant N. G. Woodyatt, 30th Punjab Infantry, to be officiating Wing Officer.

MR. MUZUMDAR ON THE RAKHMABAI CASE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Babu Protab Chandra Muzumdar was once listened to with much respect on this side ; but that was when he acted as a missionary of the Brahmo Samaj of India, during the period that that institution was vigorously worked by him and by the late Babu Keshub Chander Sen on the sound lines laid down by its great founder, Raja Rammohun Roy. Since the promulgation, however, of the doctrine of the so-called "New Dispensation," and its social vagaries, which began with the Kuch-Behar marriage, the old feeling has undergone change, and the true principles of the old Brahmo Samaj of India are now really represented by the Sadharan Brahma Samaj and its soberly-conducted organ, the *Indian Messenger*. Seeing, however, in your issue of the 25th instant, a letter under the signature of P. C. Muzumdar on the Bombay case, round which some discussion on social reform has ranged itself, I read it with care, but found it full of vague generalities, inconsistencies and apologies for doing nothing to remedy social evils in Hindu society.

The opening para. contains an unconscious but important confession, for he says, Englishmen have felt strongly in this Rukhmabai case, and when they "take up an agitation of this kind in which their moral sense is aroused, they seldom give it up till some definite result is obtained." It is therefore, necessary that "every Hindu who has a stake in the present discussion should try to help in the formation of that result." Thus the Hindus of their own accord can not or will not consciously effect any change in their customs, and there is enough reason for this helplessness in the enfeebling constitution and internal economy of their society, though it may be considered unpatriotic to say so.

"The evils in the marriage customs of the country," says Mr. Muzumdar, "have been protested against nearly for the last half a century, in fact since the dawn of English influence upon the first generation of educated Hindus in Bengal," but in vain, and why ? Because, he replies, "It is the moral growth and organised effort of the community alone that can remove the evil complained of," and where this is wanting, no help from the Government can avail ; and as an illustration he mentions the Widow Marriage Act of 1856, which has proved a dead-letter because only three marriages a year were celebrated under it in Pengal. Similarly the number for Bombay is said to be two, but even assuming these numbers to be correct, is it nothing that five innocent creatures are relieved of life long misery every year ? The late widow marriage in Bombay has been universally approved ; but would it have been possible if the law of 1856 had not been passed. "The one condition of Government interference must be proved earnestness of the reformers, proved, I mean, by foregone achievements"—says Mr. Muzumdar. Earnestness of course is necessary, but in adding to it "foregone achievements," Mr. Muzumdar forgets that he is speaking of a community enslaved by the iron rules of caste and custom and ministered to by an ignorant priestcraft, and among whom the highest maxim of moral duty and social excellence is, "However correct a thing may be in itself, if it is opposed to the common practice it should not be followed or practised." What would have been the fate of the measures for the suppression of *Sati*, infanticide, domestic slavery and other evils if their advocates had been similarly treated ? I have no doubt if the admitted defects in the present Widow Marriage Act be removed, and it be enacted that marriages of girls under a certain age would not be upheld as legal by the Courts, the evils which now fruitlessly absorb so much discussion would soon begin to abate. When Mr. Muzumdar and the late Babu K. C. Sen were moving heaven and earth to obtain the Brahmo Marriage Act of 1872, which is at once anti-polygamous, anti-caste, anti-infant marriage, the Adi Samaj addressed them the same admonition "—foregone achievements"—as he hurls against the present advocates of social reform, but they persevered, and now we are told "these reformed marriages have multiplied each year and enlisted the sympathies of every earnest man who wishes for the progress of native society !" The "heroism of personal courage" therefore which Mr. Muzumdar alludes to, and of which our re-actionary writers will make much for their own purposes, is not so absolute in matters of social changes as it is in matters of personal convictions.

Regarding the case of Rakhmabai, Mr. Muzumdar is brief, and will be briefer, as he admits that Dadaji should not have gone to law, that his conduct in doing so was un-Hindu, that her case is hard, that "we do not want Rakhmabai to go to jail" and "that every one ought to help her against that." The recognition of this last principle is a public gain and of the personal misfortune of the parties for which Rakhmabai may well take some credit, as she has had to go against "universal Hindu feeling" in the matter. Dadaji too deserves pity, but he it was who dragged the matter to the Court, and if he is to be excused on the ground of unwise counsel, similar allowance is not less required on behalf of his wife. I will however go into no details. Mr. Muzumdar's inferences from the case are certainly wide and inconsistent with the facts of Hindu social life. He says that Rakhmabai's case is not typical of the evils of Hindu marriage customs. If so, what is the cause of all this outcry raised that the safety of Hindu society depends on it ? In the same breath the Babu says "that Hindu marriage in numerous cases are not consummated till the girls grow into womanhood, Rakhmabai's own instance proves." Here he forgets the leading fact of the case. But if such cases are *numerous*, where is the cause of the despondent expression that half-a-century's agitation has effected no reform ? Rakhmabai's marriage is said to be "only a formal betrothal." If so, where is the enormity in her wishing to repudiate it before its completion ? Are these early betrothals unknown in other countries, nay, even in Europe ?" Why does not Mr. Muzumdar specify where they exist, and in what countries a virgin girl is doomed to life-long widowhood if her bethrothed dies before marriage ? "Are they absolute evils ?" he asks. I reply they are. Under the guise of probation for the husband's home, a crop of evils is generally reaped. The boy-husband and girl-wife can never exchange a word or even glance, or cultivate innocent familiarity, but their known relationship is calculated to nourish notions of carnality and force on premature puberty, while the discipline the girl-wife, is subjected to by the mother-in-law and her daughters serves to embetter her feelings all around. "No doubt," says Mr. Muzumdar, "infant marriage affects the body and mind of modern Hindus though to the extent complained of I do not know." This is running with the hare and hunting with the hounds in a spirit different from that of the "heroism of personal sacrifice." Yet it is confessed, "we men of the present generation hate infant marriages." Why should this be so if they are not an evil ? Hindu women are "loved, honoured, cherished, so far as the education and other circumstances of their country will permit ;" yet it is a fact that half-a-century of this education and thirty years of legislation have not advanced the process of being loved, honored and cherished enough to permit of the child-widow's miseries being either frankly recognised or prevented by the postponement of premature marriage or remedied by permission to re-marry, while the widower of 60 years can and does marry a tenth wife, and one whose age would make out to be his granddaughter ! One more assertion of Mr. M.'s and I shall have done. Says he "this problem of early marriage is not so easy of solution : nor are European marriage customs so absolutely imitable in this country as some people imagine. We know and feel that to our cost in the Brahmo Samaj every day." Now, I would like to know how this last assertion agrees with the splendid success of the Brahmo Marriage Act of 1872, of which the Babu boasts in another part of the same letter. But the fact is, the passage just quoted is an *ad captandum vulgus*, one calculated, if not intended, to catch the applause of the orthodox party, who are now in the majority. It confounds premature or infant marriages, now obtaining among the Hindus, with early marriages as desired by the advocates of reform and the late marriages prevailing among Europeans, which nobody wishes to adopt, but a desire for which is ascribed to the reform party by the opponents of reform, as a trick of argument and nothing more. Altogether, therefore, I regret to say Mr. Muzumdar's letter is neither consistent, nor conformable to reason or facts of Hindu social life, at least, as it exists on this side of the country. Yet I have no doubt it will be warmly welcomed in support of their own views, by reactionary writers like those of the Bombay *Native Opinion* and the Poona *Dayan Prabush* as confounding the cause of reform. As, however, these writers have also welcomed the discovery of a law in Baroda and Indore, under which unwilling wives are handed to their husbands, bound hand and foot by the police, I do not envy the Babu and his following, but only regret that he should try to serve such a cause, while yet professing a love for reform —Yours, &c.,

May 27. COMMON SENSE.

MAILS FOR ADEN PER I. M. S. TENASSERIM.

THE Indian marine steamer Tenasserim, Captain Gavin, which arrived in Bombay some time ago, in a disabled condition, from Rangoon, sails this morning with extra mails for Aden on board. She has on board the following military transport.—2 European officers, 13 native rank-and-file, 8 women, fifteen children and 60 followers belonging to details. The names of the officers are :—the Lt. M. Finch and Captain W. T. Trevelyan, belonging to 2nd E. Staffordshire Regiment.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless, and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "bright as a button." It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or from any other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Address : Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Company, Limited, 48 Fore-Street-Avenue, London.

H. R. H. THE DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT'S LIFE-BOAT FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Some of your readers may remember that at midnight on the 20th June last, the Alibag Life-boat Bhowani, standing by a vessel in distress, near the Chaul Kadu Reef, was upset ; and though twice righted and ultimately brought ashore in the most gallant manner, was so torn and wrenched by the sea that (being an old boat) she is capable of no further service. The courage and fidelity of the crew (all natives) were suitably noticed at the time.

The Alibag Life-boat Service now depends on a single boat, the Allen Shuttleworth, which is twenty years old, and was herself so strained in the affair that finished off the poor Bhowani, that during the rest of the season she was only kept afloat by constant pumping.

It is not likely that she will survive the next two seasons ; perhaps that now coming on may be her last ; and if she is not replaced, the next vessel that gets into danger on this coast may be left with no assistance at all, as the surf is so bad, and the moze of reef so intricate that only a life-boat manned by the local fishermen can be relied on to render it.

The pattern of boat most suitable to this coast is that known at Home as the "Clacton-on-Sea" model of the Royal National Life-boat Institution. The cost of such a boat, including the necessary spare oars and spars, and allowing for exchange ; will be from Rs. 12,000 to Rs. 13,000.

The Government of Bombay have offered Rs. 6,000, if the rest can be raised by public subscription, and also keep up an efficient crew and a fine signal station.

H. R. H. the Duchess of Connaught has been graciously pleased to accord her patronage to the Fund, and will stand godmother to the boat if I can get so far as to launch her.

The District Officers who habitually spend money freely on this service, as those of the Army and Navy do on their regiments and ships, have put together the nucleus of a fund, to which H. E. the Governor has been pleased to accord his favour and assistance, and help has been promised both in Bombay and in the Mofussil, though money is scarce this year. I must ask leave to remind your readers that every ship coming into Bombay from the South or West passes the reefs of Alibag, and that only the skill, vigilance, and endurance of the officers and men make up a safe landing in Bombay the matter of course that we generally think it. Passengers by a good steamer know little of the exertions and anxieties which are carefully concealed from them ; and often nothing of their own narrow escapes. But the wreck of one large mail steamer lies before my window as I write ; and I could lay my hand on a dozen of lesser vessels within three miles of the bungalow.

Within my own experience the Government and three great lines have had ships off their course on this coast, besides many smaller vessels ; and if I do not (and will not) give their names, it is because the business of a life-boat man is to get seamen out of trouble and not into it ; and the name of a vessel in distress is never mentioned in the correspondence of my office, if it can possibly be avoided.

Every European who intends again to land at Bombay may look on any assistance that he gives to us as so much in insurance of his own skin ; and although native gentlemen are less apt to be in danger on the *Kala pani*, it will, I hope, enlist their sympathy to know that the whole service was remodelled, two years ago, with the express object of making it more serviceable to the native coasting traffic. The last vessel assisted was a Madras country brig, entirely manned by natives of India,* which under the old system would certainly have gone ashore, and probably become a total wreck.

Messrs. King, King and Co., of Bombay, will receive subscriptions.—I have, &c.,

W. SINCLAIR,
Acting Collector of Kolaba.

* While this was being written, a small native vessel, swamped in the surf, was brought into port, with her crew, by the Allen Shuttleworth.

List of original subscribers to H. R. H. the Duchess of Connaught's Life-boat Fund :—

H. E. the Governor	Rs.	100 pd.
Mr. A. Keyser (late Collector of Kolaba)	Gs.	12 pd.
Mr. W. F. Sinclair, (Acting Collector, Kolaba)	Gs.	12
Mr. W. W. Drew, (late Assistant Collector, Kolaba)	£	5
Mr. Kennedy, (Superintendent of Police, Kolaba)	Rs.	50

CLUBS *VS.* HOTELS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Permit me to draw the attention of Government to another hotel, which is being sold off by auction, this being the third establishment that has been closed during the month of May. The Government cannot be blind to the effect that the newly-opened clubs are having on the business of the license holders. Doubtless before another year is over the chief licensed houses, which have been paying revenue to the Government for many years, will have to close and give way to the unlicensed houses or clubs. Are clubs all owed to sell opium, bhang or ganja ? If not, why should they be permitted to sell liquor or tobacco ; the liquor licensee-holders has as much right to protection as the opium seller.

I ask again, does the Government prefer the unlicensed houses to the licensed ones ; they must take the side of one or the other. If the Government does not care for the revenue, then the license-holder must shut up his business ; if the Government require revenue, let them stop the clubs from retailing liquor. I am afraid they are sadly in want of funds, or the duty on spirits would not have been increased to one rupee a gallon. Had all these clubs been in existence before the licensed houses, I am certain no speculator would have been so mad as to risk his capital, knowing the great opposition that he would have to encounter.

The Government must remember that these licensed houses were in existence for many years when the public had no other convenience. Then why should they now be crushed because any clique of men put their heads together to form clubs ?

The license-holders merely pray for that protection to which they are justly entitled.—Yours, &c.,

FIVE OF CLUBS.

Bombay, May 27.

NOTES FROM SURAT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SURAT, MAY 26.

THE celebration of the 68th birthday of the Queen-Empress, on the 24th instant, by the local society was one of the important events of the week. A gathering of the students and ex-students of the two schools was held in the High School hall, under the presidency of Mr. M. P. Kekobad, on the invitation of the "Kayesth Jubilee Union" and (Parsee) Young Men's Association. Loyal speeches appropriate to the occasion were made by various members, and the president in conclusion delivered a long address reviewing very ably the many reforms effected in matters social, political and intellectual, &c., since her Majesty ascended the Throne. The proceedings terminated with the distribution of pan-supari and nosegays, and with votes of thanks to the president and head master, to the former of his trouble, and to the latter for his permission to use the High School hall. The Queen's portrait, which was specially hung on the occasion, was decorated with flowers and wreaths.

Appended is a copy of the congratulatory address forwarded by the Parsee Young Men's Association to Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit, Sheriff of Bombay, on his being raised to the honour of Knighthood :—

We, the president and members of the Young Men's Association, beg most respectfully to come forward to congratulate you upon your being created a Knight by our august Queen-Empress on this most auspicious and unique occasion of the 50th year of her Imperial Majesty's glorious reign. In your person, kind Sir, the Western Presidency has secured an energetic and honest pioneer of the mill industry th

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1887.

Baker, finding himself in a difficulty, tried to get out of it by saying "Oh, if Morton had paid cash, he would, doubtless, have been allowed a discount of one rupee." He (Mr. Turner) had no doubt in the world, and he thought his Worship would also have no doubt, that if Morton had paid the money down nothing whatever would have been said about the rupee. Mr. Turner could say with confidence that the goods were charged for at credit, and not cash prices, and it was nothing but nonsense to say that a reduction would have been made, if the money had been paid down. If the transaction was originally intended to be a cash transaction, it was converted into a credit transaction by the letters which showed that there was a request to delay the payment. A cash transaction is where the goods are paid for either at the time they are ordered, or, at the latest, when they are delivered. In this case, Mr. Pile by coming into the Court had sought to make it the means of recovering a bad debt. But Mr. Turner hoped his Worship would render him no assistance that way: for if Mr. Pile chose to part with his goods even for a single day without payment he must be looked upon simply as a tradesman giving credit in the the ordinary way. Where the customer omitted to pay a tradesman for some days or even months this tradesman certainly was not entitled to bring in a criminal charge against him. If every tradesman in Bombay who did not obtain payment of his goods after he had parted with them in the way Badham, Pile and Co. had parted with theirs, were allowed to bring a charge of cheating against his customers, then the Court would be flooded with applications for warrants of arrest against customers in Bombay and it would be a Small Causes Court open to the tradesman, and if he made there an affidavit that a customer was going to abscond from Bombay he could obtain a warrant before judgment. Having observed that the affidavit made by Mr. Pile was full of mistakes, and that both he and his assistants, Mr. Baker, were obliged to admit that the statements they had made were incorrect, in other words, false, Mr. Turner referred the Magistrate to a case given in Bombay High Court Reports, volume 9, pages 448, to show that the accused was not guilty of cheating, as he intended to pay for the articles he had purchased, but was prevented afterwards by circumstances from doing so. The accused had told his Worship that he had every expectation of receiving money from a brother, and that he was waiting in Bombay to receive the money. This statement, which would be corroborated by Miss Morton, showed that he had every intention of paying for the goods. The cost of the articles purchased amounted to Rs. 79-8. Would a man like Mr. Morton, if he had any intention of cheating, commit the offence for such a paltry sum? The accused was once a man of very different circumstances from those in which he was now placed. He was formerly an indigo-planter, and had lost his appointment through no fault of his own. He was then brought into very reduced circumstances, and on his coming down to Bombay he lost all his money on the way. He was unable to send his sister home to Australia, not having received the assistance he expected from his brother who was up-country, and he, therefore, thought of going to Allahabad, where he had friends. He had previously applied for aid to the Bishop, to whom he frankly gave an account of his circumstances, and also gave a reference. The Bishop went off to the English Hotel to find out whether the story of Morton staying there with his sister was true. His Lordship sent for the manager of the hotel, saw the list of residents prepared by Mr. Ardesheer, the proprietor, and found there the names "Mr. and Mrs. Morton." Mr. Ardesheer had falsely stated that he believed he had been told by Morton that the lady was his wife. Morton had always told every one who had spoken to him about this lady that she was his sister. No doubt, the hotel proprietor had jumped to the conclusion that she was the wife of the accused, because they occupied the same room. The room was divided by a screen, and they had occupied one room only because it was the object of Mr. Morton to be as economical as possible. The Bishop too jumped to the conclusion that, because in the list of residents they were put down as Mr. and Mrs. Morton, therefore they were husband and wife, and that his Lordship was imposed upon by the accused, when he told him that the lady was his sister. It was unfortunate that the accused should have been so much frightened by the hotel-keeper's letter which he received on the 13th demanding that the hotel bill should be paid before breakfast time the next morning. Mr. Ardesheer had written that unless the accused paid up all the money due to him he would seize all his property. Mr. Morton feared that in that event he and his sister would be thrown upon the streets, with nothing save the clothes in which they stood. He was naturally anxious on his account, and more on account of his sister, to prevent the hotel proprietor from seizing the goods, and he therefore took away the goods from the hotel in the way he had described. There was surely nothing criminal in that. The hotel proprietor had a remedy at law, but he could have no lien on the goods. He could have gone to the Small Causes Court and got out a warrant of arrest before judgment. On being informed that Morton had left the hotel, Ardesheer, being evidently disappointed that he had nothing to take hold of, went to the railway station and made a tremendous row, so much so that the station master showed his sympathy for the accused by giving him a rupee. Seeing that Ardesheer had taken a ticket for Byculla, he accused, wishing to avoid another scene at that station, walked down Musjid Bunder station and took the train there, to join his sister at Dadar. There was nothing criminal in that too. At Callian a guard gave them R. 10, and Morton, being then in a confused state of mind, decided to go as far as that sum could carry him, and went to Sholapore. If he had been really a swindler, Morton would have pawned some of the things during his stay at Sholapore. He had enlisted the sympathy of the Assistant Collector, who gave him Rs. 30. He returned Rs. 23 to Mr. Macdermott, when he was arrested, the remainder having been spent by him in obtaining refreshment. Mr. Turner asked his Worship not to rely upon the sensational accounts which had appeared in certain newspapers as to the sumptuous repasts had by the accused and so forth.

The Magistrate said he had not taken notice of the accounts.

Mr. Turner said they had read all sort of accounts about Mr. MacDermott getting out of the railway carriage window at Sholapore, the inference being that he did not wait till the door was opened, as the accused intended to effect an escape. Mr. Turner then proceeded to say that he had hardly drawn the Court's attention to the fact that a mere breach of contract was not even *prima facie* evidence of an original intention to defraud, and he quoted a number of authorities on criminal law in support of this view. In this case, of course, he had nothing to say in praise of Morton's behaviour. He certainly could not defend him on moral grounds; but there were not dealing there with the moral aspects of the case. The question simply was—whether the accused had committed a criminal offence or not? Two cases of cheating had been sent up from that Court during the time Mr. Webb was Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate to the Appellate Side of the High Court. The first was the case of Fazul Dhanji, and the other was that of Jaikh Rasched, both of whom had been accused of cheating, and were sentenced respectively to 9 and 12 months' rigorous imprisonment. The appeals were successful, and the convictions and sentences were reversed. Mr. Turner confidently relied upon these cases, which he said were much stronger that the one now before the Court. In the first of these cases the accused had obtained 15 *khuras* of wool, promising to pay for it on the following day. But the next day he filed his petition in the Insolvency Court. The circumstances of the second case were that the accused had obtained a loan of Rs. 5,000 from Framji, Sands and Company on cotton which he did not obtain. Mr. Turner relied upon these cases as clearly showing the opinion of the High Court, and he observed that the present case amounted to nothing more than a promise to pay the money at a future date, before which date there was every reason for the accused to believe that he would be in possession of funds. Mr. Turner asked his Worship not to take into consideration the evidence given by Ardesheer Jeevanjee, of the English Hotel, as that had nothing to do with the present case. This was nothing more than a civil contract, and in the event of Morton filing his petition, there was section 51 of the Insolvency Act which would entitle Badham, Pile and Co., to oppose his discharge and get him punished for obtaining goods, knowing at the time that he would not be able to pay for them. Lastly, Mr. Turner submitted that the accused had not been proved to have taken possession of any property belonging to Mr. Richard Pile, and, therefore, he could not be convicted on the charge, as framed by the Court. Although penniless, the accused had not done away with the goods, but had kept them with him, until he had surrendered them to the police. He had done nothing to induce the Court to believe such a grave charge is that of cheating either Mr. Pile or the company. If the Magistrate had any doubt in his mind, either as to any promise made by the accused at the time when he ordered the goods, or as to his intentions regarding payment, his Worship should certainly give him the benefit of the doubt.

The case will be further proceeded with to-day.

THACKER AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

The following is the report of the directors of Thacker and Company, Limited, for the year ending April 30:—

There has been an increase of Rs. 18,000 in the business done as compared with the previous year, and owing to the readjustment of prices, the nett profits have not been affected by the low rate of exchange. The premises occupied by the Company are undergoing great enlargement and improvement,—this will entail a considerably enhanced rent, but it is anticipated that the facilities for the development and extension of the business which the increased accommodation will afford, will more than compensate for the additional expenditure. The building as altered and enlarged will not be ready for occupation for some months; it will then be necessary to go to some expense for furniture, fittings, decoration, &c., as the directors intend to make the new premises as convenient and attractive to the public as possible. Towards meeting this expense the directors propose to set aside Rs. 3,000 out of the profits of the past year. The balance at credit of Profit and Loss, including the balance brought forward from last year, amounts to Rs. 34,974-8-11, and after deducting the secretary's commission of Rs. 2,250, there remains Rs. 32,724-8-11, which it is recommended should be disposed of as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Dividend, 15 per cent. free of income tax	22,500	0	0
Bonus to Assistants and Clerks	1,250	0	0
Reserve Fund	5,000	0	0
Towards Furniture, Fittings, and Decorations of new premises	3,000	0	0
Balance to next year's account..	974	8	11
Rs.	32,724	8	11

The stock has been valued on the usual plan, all bad stock being either written down or left out altogether and in addition 10 per cent. taken off the gross for depreciation. Bad and doubtful debts have been freely written off and carried to a separate account. Mr. Walker having returned from England in October last, Mr. Chalk resigned in his favour, and you will be asked to confirm his re-appointment. Mr. W. Richardson is at present in England, but retains his seat on the Board. Dr. Blaney and Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election. The auditors, Messrs. N. S. Symons and D. H. Wadia, offer themselves for re-election.

INTERNATIONAL COURTESY.

There is an interesting article in the latest number of the *Spectator* on the subject of international courtesy. The writer seems to have come to the conclusion that nations are unable to acquire the fine art of manners, and that even when they are old and experienced they are often intolerably rude. Courtesy between nations is governed by iron-clad regulations, and there is nothing more insincere than their profession of friendship:—

The manner of nations to each other in their corporate capacity is regulated by an elaborate code of etiquette, much of it exceedingly old, with privileges and arrangements in it, and things enjoined and things forbidden, which it takes a lifetime fully to understand. It may be doubted, for example, if there is a man alive who understands the whole mystery of salutes, or who could say, off-hand and with certainty, that an Archduke visiting a man-of-war would be entitled to as many guns, or who knows when the commander of an armed vessel is bound to salute a fortress as he passes, or is quite sure how each Court ought to behave itself during an incident like the Queen's Jubilee. Sovereigns again, treat each other with a courteous respect which in public documents rarely fails, and which would be most useful in cementing national friendship but for one awkward circumstance. The etiquette of Court is so seldom broken that it has come to mean either nothing or too much. If England and Russia were going to war, Czar and Queen would address each other up to the moment of the declaration with affectionate respect as titular brother and sister; while the Emperor Nicholas, in writing to Napoleon III. as "my friend" instead of "my brother," sowed the most fruitful of all the seeds of the Crimean War. The manner of Sovereigns to each other is, in fact, so important that it has ceased to be voluntary, and a King is no more expected to be friendly because he says he is full of friendship than an Evangelical is expected to be humble because he classes himself with worms. Sovereign and devotee is in each case using language which is purely conventional. Diplomatists, on the other hand, labour under a difficulty of another kind. The *nexus* between them is too strictly professional. They are bound to be courteous to one another and they are. Rough scenes are of the rarest occurrence, and we can hardly remember rough words in a despatch. It is most improper, as Lord Palmerston once said to Count Walewski, to allude to war in the way of a threat; one only hints, and that most guardedly, at "serious consequences," and a refusal is never direct, "public opinion" usually playing the part of Jorkins.

Even when war has been resolved on, ambassadors only talk of passports, and an intensely dramatic scene like that which preceded the Prussian attack on Hanover must be of the rarest occurrence. The following is the account which Herr Meding gives in his book, "For Crown and Sceptre" of that incident:—

The timepiece on his writing-table struck 12. "Prince Ysenburg!" announced the groom of the chamber.—"Now, at this hour?" cried Count Platen, starting back. And he hastened to meet the Prussian ambassador, who had entered the room, and advanced slowly and gravely. "What good news do you bring at this late hour, dear prince?" he asked.—"Whether I can bring good news, I know not" replied the prince, a small slight man, with regular features and a spare black moustache, as he fixed his black eyes with a sad and enquiring look upon Count Platen; "I must first beg for your answer to the note I delivered this morning, the reply to which I was to wait for until this evening. You see," he said, drawing out his watch, "I have given my instructions the widest possible extension; it now 12 o'clock—the day is ended." "My dear prince," said Count Platen, as I gave the note to the king immediately, the reply is now with his Majesty; I expect it back every moment, and I do not doubt we shall easily come to an understanding."—The prince shook his head slightly.—"Though the answer is with his Majesty, yet you must know, and I must"—he laid a stress upon the word—"urgently beg you to impart its purport. Is the proposition accepted, are you authorised to conclude the proffered treaty?"—"You will allow," said Count Platen, "that such a deeply important proposal as the reform of the confederation requires a discussion that will occupy some time."—"I must press you, Count Platen," said the prince, to give me a distinct answer upon one point—I am not authorised to commence a discussion,—has the king accepted the treaty or not."—"No," said Count Platen, with great hesitation; "but"—"Then I declare war!" said Prince Ysenburg solemnly. Count Platen stared blankly in his face.

National etiquette is peculiar, and though one nation may wish to show its friendship towards another there is no means by which it can do it:—

As a French writer has recently said in the *Deux Mondes*, there is a liking between the nations which is not explicable by national character, and which is, partly at least, instinctive; but if England wanted to express that, she would find it very difficult, while a habitual and permanent expression of it would be next to impossible. Of course, she could support her Government in paying all honour to Italy, in protecting her interests, in smoothing her path abroad, and generally in making life easier for her; but directly she could do nothing. Her amity must be expressed through the journalists; the journalists are divided, and in foreign affairs they find it hard to express friendliness without a criticism which friends, unless very intimate indeed, are apt in their intercourse to avoid. They hurt, too, without knowing it, from mere want of comprehension, and are apt to think sympathy expressed in words rather an artificial kind of thing. Consequently, the moment any cause of dispute springs up, each nation, unaware that the other is friendly, regards it as a serious quarrel; or, if aware of hostility, exaggerates the friendship into a cause of war. It would be worth millions if England could say to America: "Bother the cod! You must pay if you take my fish, but we have no quarrel about that"; or if Germany could say to France: "We shall fight, I know, some day, but not about a kidnapping case. What will you think civil about that?" No informal utterance such as keeps friendship in between friends, or makes courtesy possible between enemies, can be devised for nations, and neither Governments nor diplomatists are quite successful go-betweens. That is to say, they do not succeed in establishing the understanding which individuals do, and which, when it is complete, makes intercourse pleasant, and even a sharp tiff, no cause of parting. We cannot suggest a method for supplying the want; but if each nation would take a little more trouble to show friendliness, much of the world's business would go more smoothly.

REMARKABLE ADVENTURE WITH A SHARK.

An adventure with a shark at Black Point, on Saturday, March 12, is related in the *South Australian Advertiser*. On that evening Mr. Justice Boucaut was fishing in his dingey, but without much sport save in small sharks and dog sharks:—

Towards evening Mr. Boucaut started for his yacht sitting in the stern sheets of the dingey with his yachtmaster (Mr. H. Harris) rowing. One of the sharks which they had hooked, about four or five feet long, having got away by breaking the hook, the judge was relating to his man that he ought to have followed the advice given him by Mr. Justice Bundey several years ago, never to fish in a dingey at Black Point without a rifle or a bayonet, and was relating or had just related what led to that advice, namely that he had seen Mr. Justice Bundey's dingey towed about by a shark in that particular spot, when Mr. Boucaut received a very severe blow in the hollow of the back, which knocked him off the seat over the after thwart of the dingey on to the man who was rowing. The paddles were unshipped from the rowlocks, and the boat sent forward with a sharp spin. Seizing a paddle and turning round, Mr. Boucaut just saw a large shark disappear with a heavy flap of his tail on the surface of the water, which is thereabouts only six or seven feet deep. Mr. Harris says the creature was as long as the dingey, which is thirteen feet in length. Whether the blow which the judge received came directly from the shark, or indirectly through the stern of the dingey, he cannot say. Mr. Boucaut's dingey is one of the very best of its size ever built, and the judge and Mr. Harris are both confident that if they had been in a small 8 ft. 6 in. dingey, which they sometimes use, she must either have been capsized or stove in—in which case the shark would have had a fine picnic.

BISMARCK'S NOTE ON THE SCHNAEBELE INCIDENT.

The following is the text of Prince Bismarck's note to M. Herbette, the French Ambassador at Berlin, on the subject of the arrest of M. Schnaebele:—

On the strength of communications made to me by his Excellency the Ambassador of the French Republic with regard to the judicial arrest of the French Police Commissary Schnaebele, as well as of communications from the French Minister of Foreign Affairs to the Imperial Chargé d'Affaires at Paris, the undersigned has given the affair his careful consideration. For this purpose the judicial authorities concerned were requested to furnish the documents relating to the arrest of Schnaebele and its attendant circumstances.

Copies of the most important of these documents, especially the statement made by Schnaebele after his capture, and all the depositions of witnesses officially examined, have been communicated to the Ambassador of the French Republic; and from these it is beyond doubt that the arrest in each of its stages was made exclusively on German territory, without any crossing of the French frontier.

The judicial proceedings against Schnaebele were taken on information that he had committed the crime of treason within the territory of the German Empire, and were based on complete evidence of his guilt, consisting of the confessions made by the German subject Klein, similarly accused, and of autograph letters posted at Metz by Schnaebele, and afterwards acknowledged by him. On the ground of the proved guilt of Schnaebele, and his own subsequent confession, the Imperial Court issued an order for his arrest whenever he set foot on German soil. This was done on the 20th inst., on the occasion of a business meeting at the frontier between Schnaebele and the German Police Commissary Gautzch. In these circumstances, therefore, it is not possible to doubt that Schnaebele would be convicted, and that his punishment would presumably be all the more severe seeing that, in acting criminally as he did, he abused the confidence reposed in him in an especial degree, from the very fact of his being a frontier official. Schnaebele did harm to the trust which is so indispensable for international intercourse, in that he used his official position as a frontier servant to bribe German subjects into the commission of criminal actions against their Fatherland. This abuse of his office aggravates Schnaebele's offence in the eyes of the court, apart from the question whether or not he acted on higher instructions. The undersigned takes the liberty of pointing out this view of the case, so as to meet the contingency of Schnaebele, after his present illness, being again found on German territory, without being secured against seizure by previous official agreement.

The undersigned ventures to hope that the documents communicated will convince the Ambassador that the judicial order for the arrest of Schnaebele was well justified, and that in executing it the German Government was within its right, and that French rights were not infringed.

Nevertheless the undersigned thought it his duty to beg the Emperor, his most gracious master, to command the liberation of Schnaebele. He was guided in so doing by the doctrine of international law that the crossing of a frontier, when done on the strength of official agreement between the functionaries of neighbouring States, must always be looked upon as carrying with it the tacit assurance of a safe-conduct. It is not credible that the German official Gautzch invited Schnaebele to a conference with the object of facilitating his arrest; but there are letters which prove that Schnaebele, when seized, had come to the spot where this was done in consequence of an agreement with a German official to meet and transact common official business. If on such occasions frontier officials were exposed to the danger of being arrested on the strength of the claims proferred against them by the tribunals of the neighbouring State, the caution thus enjoined upon them would carry with it a cause of hindrance to current border business, which would call for intervention with the spirit and traditions of present international relations. The undersigned is therefore of the opinion that such official meetings should always be looked upon as enjoying the mutual protection and assurance of a safe-conduct. Thus, while fully acknowledging the right of the German tribunals and officials to act as they did, he has submitted all the facts of the case to his Imperial Majesty the Emperor, and his Imperial Majesty has been graciously pleased to decide that in consideration of the reasons of international law in favour of the unconditional security of international negotiations, the aforesaid Schnaebele shall be set at liberty, notwithstanding his arrest on German territory and the evidence there is of his guilt.

While bringing this to the knowledge of the Ambassador of the French Republic, the undersigned begs to add that the necessary instructions have been issued for the release of Schnaebele, and at the same time prays his Excellency to accept the assurance of his most distinguished consideration.

CALCUTTA COMMERCIAL.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1887.

JOINT STOCK SHARES

GOVERNMENT LOANS.

4	Per Cent. Promissory Notes	Rs.	97	1
4½	Per Cent. of 1870 (1885)	,,	100	0
4½	Per Cent. of 1878-79 (1893)	Nominal.		
4½	Per Cent. of 1879 (1893) (New loan)	do.		
4½	Per Cent. of 1879 (1893) (Coupon)			

MYSORE GOVERNMENT DEBENTURES OF 1882

5 Per Cent. for 20 years (1902) Rs. 100 0

RANGOON MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES.

5½	Per Cent. of 1881 (1888) ...	Rs.	101	12
5½	Per Cent. of 1881 (1892) ...	,,	102	0
5½	Per Cent. of 1881 (1896) ...	,,	102	4
5½	Per Cent. of 1881 (1900) ...	,,	102	8

DEBENTURES OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

7	Per Cent. 1886 (1891) Alipore Coal ...	103	0	
8	Per Cent. 1882 (1887) Asiatic ...	Nomi.		
7	Per Cent. 1882 (1888) Bowreah Cotton ...	102	0	
7	Per Cent. 1882 (1892) Canni Press ...	103	0	
7	Per Cent. 1887 (1892) Cawn. Cotton Mills	103	0	
5	Per Cent. 1881 (1891) Darj. Him. Ry. ...	98	0	
5	Per Cent. 1881 (1896) Do. do. ...	98	0	
7	Per Cent. 1883 (1888) Dunbar Cotton ...	96	0	
7	Per Cent. 1883 (1888) Eastern Cachar Tea	100	0	
8	Per Cent. 1884 (1889) Fort Gloster Jute	103	0	
5	Per Cent. ... Goosery Jute Mills	100	0	
7	Per Cent. 1882 (1887) Hooghly Mills ...	103	0	
7	Per Cent. 1883 (1888) Howrah Mills ...	103	0	
6	Per Cent. 1881 (1888) do. (New issue) ...	101	0	
7	Per Cent. 1884 (1890) Inland Flotilla ...	106	0	
7	Per Cent. 1886 (1890) India General ...	103	0	
8	Per Cent. 1879 (1889) Kursseong Darj. Tea	103	0	
8	P. Ct. 1887 (1890-92) Ramoogunge Coal,	103	0	
10	Per Cent. 1881 (1886) Sopaleal Tea ...	103	0	
8	Per Cent. 1884 (1874) Sphinx Tea ...	103	0	
8	Per Cent. 1880 (1890) Sing & Murmah ...	104	0	
7	Per Cent. 1885 (1895) Titaghur Paper Mills	105	0	

BANK OF BENGAL RATE.

(13th May 1887.)

Rate of interest for on demand loans ... 8 per cent.

CALCUTTA PORT TRUST DEBENTURES.

4½	Per Cent. of 1881	95	0	
5½	Per Cent. of 1886	104	8	

MADRAS MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES.

5 Per Cent. of 1931 (1912) Rs. 100 0 Nomi.

CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES.

6	Per Cent. of 1865 (1885) ...	Paid off	
6	Per Cent. of 1835 (1885) ...	Paid off	
6	Per Cent. of 1857 (1887) ...	104	4
6	Per Cent. of 1870 (1889) ...	102	8
6	Per Cent. of 1872 (1891) ...	103	0
5	Per Cent. of 1878 (1903) ...	100	0
5	Per Cent. of 1881-5 (1905) ...	100	0
5	Per Cent. of 1885-6 (1915) ...	100	8
5	Per Cent. of 1886-7 (1916) ...	100	12
4½	Per Cent. of 1882 (1902) ...	94	12

COMMERCIAL COMPANIES' SHARES.

STOCKS.	Paid Rs.	½ year's Divd.	Quotation Rs.
Agra Pressing Co.	100	6 ad-int.	...
Agricultural Phosphates ...	100	½ 10 p.ct.	34x.
Alipore Coal Co... ,, ...	100	nil.	120
Arakan Oil Co.	Rs. 9	.....	Nmi.
Asiatic Jute Co., Ld. ...	100	nil.	Lqda
Bally Paper Mills Co. ...	£10	5 p. ct.	150
Barnagore Jute Factory ...	£10	nil.	70
Bengal Coal Co., Ld. ...	1000	5 p. ct.	1,550
B. Baragunda Copper (preference A shares) ...	±10	.....	7½
Do. Deferred B Shares ...	£1	.....	5½
Bengal Ice Manfg. Co. ...	100	nil.	71
Do. Mills Co., Ld. ...	£100	½ 2½ p.ct.	1,300
Do. Silk Co., Ld. ...	100	½ 7 p. ct.	65
Do. Telephone Co. ...	100	±38 p. ct.	50
Bonded Warehouse ...	415	Rs. 10 p.ah	270
Bowreah Cotton Mills ...	100	3 p. ct.	60
Budge-Budge J. Mills ...	80	nil.	72
Burrakur Coal Co. ...	100	5 p. ct.	140
Calcutta Hydraulic ...	100	nil.	60
Do. Steam Co. ...	100	6 p. ct.	102
Do. Tramways Co. ...	£10	½ 3 p. ct.	93
Camperdown P. Co., Ld. ...	100	7 p. ct.	108
Canal Press Co.	100	nil.	85
Carew & Co., Ld. (Sugar) ...	100	2 p. ct.	100
Cawnpur Cotton Mills Co. ...	100	5 p. ct.	115
Do. Woollen Mills ...	50	5 p. ct.	63
Chitpur Hydraulic P.	100	nil.	40
Crown Brewery Muzuri ...	100	½ 7 p. ct.	105
Crystal Ice Co., Ld.	100	nil.	80
Darjeeling Himalayan Ry. Co...	100	6 p. ct.	103
Do. & K. Hotel Co. ...	100	.....	34
Deoghur Ry. Co., Ld. ...	100	±1 p. ct.	92x.
Do. Mining Co., Ld. ...	10	.....	½
Dunbar Cotton Mills	100	nil.	27
Egerton Woollen Mills Co., Ld...	100	5 p. ct.	105
Empress Ind Cotton Co., Ld. ...	500	4 p. ct.	335
Equitable Coal Co., Ld. ...	250	nil.	150
Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing	100	nil.	93
Gobra Tannery Co., Ld. ...	100	nil.	100
Goosery Cotton Mills ...	200	5 p. ct.	203
Gouripore Co., Ld.	100	3 p. ct.	81
Great Eastern Hotel	100	±1 p. ct.	89
Hooghly Mills Co., Ld. ...	75	nil.	3 d.
Howrah Docking Co.	500	Rs. 5 p.ah.	115
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	100	nil.	89
India G. S. N. Co., Ld. ...	100	3 p. ct.	97
Jheel Freating Co., Ld. ...	100	nil.	Lqdn.
Kamerhatty Jute Mills ...	50	nil.	99
Kangra V. S. Co., Ld. ...	100	10 p. ct.	110
Lahore Tramway Co.	100	.....	110
Landing & Shipping Co....	100	nil.	60x.
Lyell & Co., Ld., Allahabad ...	100	½ 10 p. ct.	85
Morrison E. & Co., Naini Tal ...	100	.....	65
Muir Mills Co., Cotton ...	200	7 p. ct.	295
Murree Brewery Co., Ld. ...	100	½ 10 p ct.	140
Naini Tal Brewery Co., Ld. ...	100	½ 12 p. ct.	115
Nasmyth's Pat. Press	100	5 p. ct.	65
New Beerbhoom Coal	100	5 p. ct.	103
Orissa Coasting S. N.	75	nil.	50x.
Planters Stores and Agency Co., Ld.	£10	3 p. ct.	£11
Rajmahal Stone Co.	100	½ 9 p. ct.	80
Ramkistopore Press	100	nil.	45
Ranegunge Coal Asn.	100	½ nil.	47
Riversdale Press Co.	90	nil.	20
R. Scott Thomson & Co... ...	500	±1 p. ct.	245
Scindia Paper Mills Co... ...	£1	.....	Nmi.
Do. Vendors Shares... ...	£1	.....	Nmi.
Seebpore Jute Manfg.	100	nil.	49
Strand Bank Press Co.	100	nil.	34
Tarkeswar Railway Co.	100	±1 p. ct.	102
Titaghur Paper Mills	100	±4 p. ct.	97
Union Jute Co., Ld.	75	±3 p. ct.	112
Watson's Patent Press	100	nil.	65

ad.-int. ad-interim dividend on crop of 1886
* Total dividend on crop of 1886.
† Total dividend on crop of 1885.
—Dividend for the year.
B. Buyers.
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EXCITEMENT IN ROCHESTER.

An unusual article from the Rochester, N. Y., *Democrat and Chronicle*, was published in this paper recently, and has been the subject of much conversation, both in professional circles and in the street. Apparently it caused more commotion in Rochester, as the following from the same paper shows:—

Dr. J. B. Henion, who is well-known not only in Rochester, but in nearly every part of America, sent an extended article to this paper, a few days since which was duly published, detailing his remarkable experience and rescue from what seemed to be certain death. It would be impossible to enumerate the personal enquiries which have been made at our office as to the validity of the article; but they have been so numerous that further investigation of the subject was deemed an editorial necessity.

With this end in view, a representative of this paper called on Dr. Henion, at his residence in Andrews-street, when the following interview occurred:—

"That Article of yours, Doctor, has created quite a whirlwind. Are the statements about the terrible condition you were in, and the way you were rescued, such as you can sustain."

"Every one of them, and many additional ones. Few people ever got so near the grave as I did and then return, and I am not surprised that the public think it marvellous. It was marvellous."

"How in the world did you, a physician, come to be brought so low?"

"By neglecting the first and most simple symptoms. I did not think I was sick. It is true I had frequent headaches; I felt tired most of the time; could eat nothing one day and was ravenous the next; felt dull, indefinite pains, and my stomach was out of order; but I did not think it was anything serious."

"But have those common ailments anything to do with the fearful Bright's Disease which took so firm a hold on you?"

"Anything? Why, they are the sure indications of the first stages of that dreadful malady. The fact is, few people know or realise what ails them; and I am sorry to say that too few physicians do either."

"That is a strange statement, Doctor."

"But it is a true one. The medical profession have been treating symptoms instead of diseases for years, and it is high time it ceased. We dose and we have been clipping off the twigs when we should strike at the root. The symptoms I have just mentioned, or any unusual action or irritation of the water channels, indicate the approach of Bright's Disease even more than a cough announces the coming of consumption. We do not treat the cough, but try to help the lungs. We should not waste our time trying to relieve our headache, stomach, pains about the body, or other symptoms, but go directly to the kidneys, the source of most of these ailments."

"This, then, is what you meant when you said that more than one-half of the deaths which occur arise from Bright's Disease, is it Doctor?"

"Precisely. Thousands of so-called diseases are torturing people to-day, when in reality it is Bright's Disease in some one of its many forms. It is a Hydra-headed monster, and the slightest symptoms should strike terror to everyone who has them. I can look back and recall hundreds of deaths which physicians declared at the time were caused by paralysis, apoplexy, heart disease, pneumonia, malarial fever, and other common complaints, which I see now were caused by Bright's Disease."

"And did all these cases have simple symptoms at first?"

"Every one of them; and might have been cured as I was by the timely use of the same remedy—Warner's Safe Cure. I am getting my eyes thoroughly opened in this matter, and think I am helping others to see the facts, and their possible danger also. Why, there are no end of truths bearing on this subject. If you want to know more about it, go and see Mr. Warner himself. He was sick the same as I, and is the healthiest man in Rochester to-day. He has made a study of this subject, and can give you more facts than I can. Go, too, and see Dr. Lattimore, the chemist, at the University. If you want facts, there are any quantity of them, showing the alarming increase of Bright's Disease, its simple and deceptive symptoms, and that there is but one way by which it can be escaped."

Fully satisfied of the truth and force of the Doctor's words, the reporter bade him good-day, and called on

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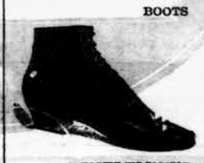

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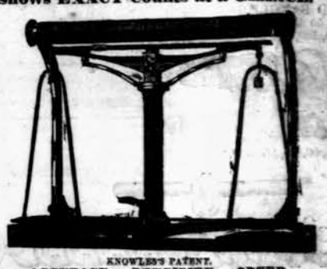

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In more than 50 different patterns
At Rs. 80, 100, 120 to 150.

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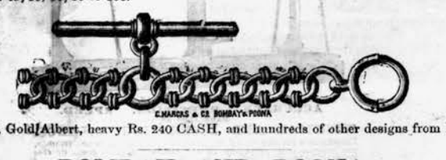

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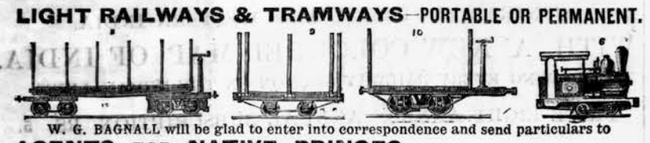

W. G. BAGNALL will be glad to enter into correspondence and send particulars to

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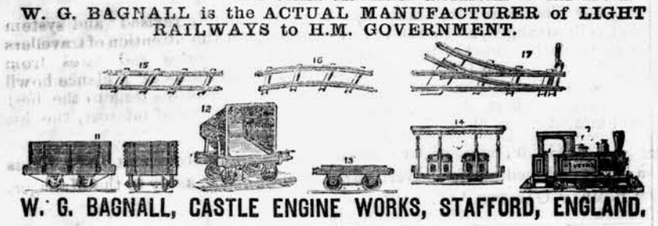

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2 Years' Guarantee.

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ORIGINAL AND GENUINE
"SYMPATHETIC" PIANO.

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FOR SPRAINS, CURBS, AND SPLINTS WHEN FORMING.
FOR OVER-REACHES, CHAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS.
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From His Grace the Duke of Rutland.
"Belvoir, Grantham, Dec. 1, 1879.

"Sirs,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables. I think it very useful.
RUTLAND.
"Master of Belvoir Hunt."

"Castle Weir, Kington, Herefordshire,
"Dec. 3rd, 1878.

"Gentlemen,—I use the Royal Embrocation in my stables and kennels, and have found it very serviceable. I have also used the Universal Embrocation for lumbago and rheumatism for the last two years, and have suffered very little since using it.
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WORLD-FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.
OVERWHELMING TESTIMONY
ACCOMPANIES EVERY BOTTLE
PROVING THIS TO BE
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For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kind, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores
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Cures Blood and Skin Diseases
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS FROM ALL PARTS
Read the following:—

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"It affords me great pleasure to add my testimony to the wonderful effects of your Blood Mixture, which has cured me of a very bad ulcerated foot and ankle. I had our wounds which prevented me following my occupation for four years, during which time I have been in five different infirmaries and under fifteen different doctors. I was at last induced to try your Blood Mixture, and after taking three small bottles I was able to go to work, and by the time I had taken nine or ten bottles I was completely cured. Make whatever use you like of this, for the benefit of other sufferers.—I am, yours respectfully,
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ATKINSON'S
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renowned for nearly a century, surpasses all others for its lasting and natural fragrance.
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PARIS, 1878. CALCUTTA, 1884.
for preeminent excellence of quality.
Atkinson's celebrated
EAU DE COLOGNE,
is unequalled for its strength and delightful fragrance. It far surpasses the numerous compounds sold under the same name.
ATKINSON'S OLD BROWN WINDSOR SOAP.
This world-renowned Soap is superior to all others for cleansing and softening the skin. It is strongly and beautifully perfumed and very lasting in use.
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Trade Mark—A "White Rose" on a "Golden Lyre."

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HEALTH, STRENGTH AND THE VIGOUR OF LIFE RESTORED
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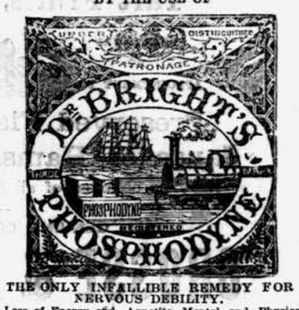

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Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Incapacity for Study or Business, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Shortness of Breath, Eruptions of the Skin, Impoverished Blood, Premature Decline, and all Diseases caused by restriction in tropical climates.

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Gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted, and restores manhood to the most shattered and debilitated constitution, from whatever cause arising.

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Twelve brands of Cigarettes to select from—Mild, Aromatic, and Full-flavoured.

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These Cigarettes are daily manufactured of real Yenitze Turkish Tobacco and finest paper; and are pronounced to be the best, freshest and cheapest Cigarettes ever manufactured in India.

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Extra Flowers, per lb.	Rs. 12 0	No. 2 (Full-flavoured), per lb.	Rs. 8 0
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Highly recommended, the above Real Habana Cigars, expressly manufactured for me, of exquisite quality, guaranteed Crop, 1881.

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The celebrated Macropolo's Golden Leaf Smoking Mixture	per lb.	Rs. 2	0	Cavendish	per lb.	Rs. 1	8
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white and sound teeth, perfect freedom from decay, a healthy action of the gums, and delightfully fragrant breath can best be obtained by discarding gritty tooth powders and acid washes and using daily

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or Pearl Dentifrice, a white powder composed of the most recherché ingredients of the Oriental herbal, and warranted free from any gritty or deleterious ingredients. It whitens and preserves the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, eradicates scurvy, strengthens the gums, and gives a lasting fragrance to the breath, while its antiseptic and anti-scorbutic properties exercise a highly beneficial influence on the teeth and gums. All Dentists allow that neither washes or tinctures can possibly be so efficacious for polishing the teeth and preventing decay as a pure and non-gritty tooth powder; such ROWLANDS' ODONTO has always proved itself.

No other Odonto is genuine.

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EBONITE BLACKING (Waterproof)
FOR BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.

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JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

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POLISHING PASTE FOR CLEANING METALS.

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Reduced Prices.

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5 oz.	22/	16 6	15/
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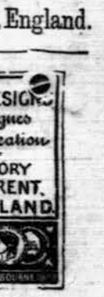

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